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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1866.

THE Democratic Congressional Conference of the 21st District, comprising Fayette, Westmoreland and Indiana counties, assembled at Greensburg a day or two since, and nominated H. W. Weir of Fayette, for Congress. This weak nomination secures the success of that sturdy patriot, Hon. John Covode.

THE CONFEREES of Westmoreland and Indiana counties for the nomination of candidates for Assembly met at the Everett House, in Blairsville, July 17th. President, A. M. Fulton, Esq., Lieut. H. A. Forrance and E. F. Houseman, Esq., from Westmoreland, and Col. I. R. Porter, Capt. [illegible] Lewis, from Indiana. E. F. Houseman was chosen Chairman, and Dr. Lewis Secretary. Whereupon, Col. Thomas F. Gallagher, of Westmoreland, Capt. William C. Gordon and A. W. Kimmel, of Indiana county, were placed in nomination as candidates of the Union Republican party for Assembly for the district composed of said counties.

GENERAL NEWS.

—A fire at Rome, N. Y., on Sunday, destroyed $500,000 worth of property.

—Prof. Agassiz and wife arrived in New York last Friday from South America.

—Mr. M'Farlane, lately connected with the Richmond press, died at Staunton, Va., last week.

—The city council of Boston, on Thursday, added $10,000 to the appropriation for free public baths.

—The great Saengerfest at Louisville wound up on Saturday, with an excursion to the Mammoth Cave.

—Works have been started in Detroit for the manufacture of illuminating gas from pine wood, bone and refuse matter.

—Reports from various portions of the Northwest indicate that the crops have not been materially injured by the late storms.

—Bourdicault has offered Miss Maggie Mitchell liberal terms for a lengthened star engagement at his new theatre in London.

—There is a cholera alarm in St. Louis, there having been two or three cases reported in the city, and several on an up-country steamboat.

—Wm. H. George, of the firm of Clark & George, of Mobile, died at Saratoga Springs, whither he had gone for the benefit of his health.

—The popularity of fishing is ascribed to the great uncertainty about the operation, which appeals to the gambling instincts of humanity.

—The cholera is assuming an epidemic form in New York, and extraordinary measures are to be taken to improve the sanitary condition of the city.

—A disastrous fire occurred at Atchison, Kansas, on Wednesday last, destroying some $15,000 worth of property. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

—Advices from the City of Mexico state that everybody there believes that Maximilian will, ere long, give up the throne and leave. His wife has already left for Europe.

—The largest diving bell in the country was tested at Boston on the 20th instant. It weighed 15,000 pounds, and is designed to build the piers of a railroad bridge over the Merrimac river.

—The annual meeting of the American Pomological Society will be held at St. Louis in September next. It is expected that delegates will be present from all parts of the United States.

—The Emperor Napoleon has just subscribed ten thousand francs towards the erection of a monument to Joan of Arc, and the restoration of donjon tower at Rouen, where she was tortured.

—St. Paul is filled with emigrants from Northern Europe, who are fitting themselves out with agricultural implements, household furniture, etc., preparatory to settling on the frontier. They are thrifty looking people, and will doubtless make good citizens.

—While filling in the broad ditches surrounding the earth works built around Montgomery, Alabama, the workmen found them to contain quantities of goodly sized fish. Their presence is the cause of much wonder, inasmuch as the ditches connect with no streams whatever.

—Gambling continues to be as popular and extravagant as ever in Paris. One gentleman lost fifty thousand dollars in one night, at the Jockey Club, recently. It was said the winnings of the Duke of Beaufort, in consequence of the success of Ceylon, amount to four hundred thousand or one million dollars.

—A story is told of a man in Indiana who had been in declining health for months, and was much afflicted with ague. He took a heavy dose of quinine, which caused him to vomit violently. In the process of vomiting he expelled from his stomach a live snake eleven inches long and of the thickness of an ordinary pipestem.

—A dispatch from Wyandotte, Kansas, states that on Thursday night the agent of the United States Express Company, at that place, left the office for a few minutes to go to the railroad depot, and while he was out the safe was broken open and robbed of $3,700 in money packages, all addressed to A. M. Craig. It is thought the robber will be arrested.

—A young girl was recently put up by a lottery contractor in Rome as a prize to be raffled for, but government interfered. It is very fortunate for the cause of good morals that the authorities took that course, else, on the plea of "doing as the Romans do," female loveliness would have been offered as a tempting prize on the schedules of every gift concert that disgraces this country.

—The Emperor Napoleon has notified the gun manufacturers of France that he has decided to introduce the needle-gun into the French army. The Austrian Minister of War has also ordered fifty thousand of these guns for the Austrian army. They are delivered at the rate of two thousand a day. Lord Haltingdon's last act as Secretary of War in England was to order thirty thousand Enfield rifles to be converted into breech-loaders, in addition to twenty thousand previously ordered.

—THE Buffalo *Express* states that great activity prevails among the Fenians in that vicinity. A call is published for a meeting to a new circle to be called the Corcoran. Another of returned volunteers is forming. Great preparations are making for a grand Fenian pic nic at Black Rock, August 21st, during the trial of Gen. O'Neil and others. Barges have been engaged to transport the party down the river. A sham fight is in the programme, including a representation of the battle at Limestone Ridge.

—The English Lords of the Bench decided at Westminster, about a month ago, that it was a principle of common law that a counsellor, in questioning a witness, should excuse him in ordinary tones, and in language of respect, such as is employed by one gentleman in conversation with another; that a lawyer has no right to question the private business or moral character of a witness, any further than it is apparent that they absolutely affect his responsibility or touch the case in hand, and that the witness is not bound to answer questions put to him in an insulting or annoying manner.

—At Erie, a day or two since, John Rothe, a German, attacked a respectable lady, wife of Ransom Hart, knocking her down, cutting one eye in two, and bruising her terribly. He then tore her clothing nearly off in an attempt to ravish her. He was seen, and fled, pursued by a number of men and at last secured. He fought terribly in the scruggle to get away. He was taken before Curtis, who ordered him to find bail in the sum of $500, to appear for trial on Thursday at 10 o'clock. Rothe is a thorough scoundrel and deserves the heaviest punishment the law can inflict.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOLUME LXXX.---NO. 181. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

CITY ITEMS.

New Dry Goods
At Bates and Bell's.

Regulate the Prices.
Opera House Shoe Store.

We Lead the Styles
At the Opera House Shoe Store.

Still Triumphant.
Gardiner's Opera House Shoe Store.

Bargains Extraordinary
At the Opera House Shoe Store.

Largest Stock
In Pittsburgh—Opera House Shoe Store.

Best Assortment
In Pittsburgh—Opera House Shoe Store.

Best Goods
In Pittsburgh—Opera House Shoe Store.

Every Pair
Of Shoes warranted at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Sell More Goods
Than any other house in Pittsburgh—Opera House Shoe Store.

Shoes Riveted Free,
in a neat manner, and not botched—Opera House Shoe Store.

Give Better Satisfaction
Than any other house in Pittsburgh—Opera House Shoe Store.

Pure Linen Shirt Fronts
At Bates and Bell's.

Fool.
How often we hear the expression, "What a fool breath that gentleman has." To all such we say, use Ward's Fluid and Powdered Dentifrice.
Sold wholesale and retail by JOSEPH FLEMING, No. 81 Market street, and all druggists.

New Barsalties
At Bates and Bell's.

Great Sale of Summer Hats,
At WILLIAM FLEMING'S extensive and fashionable Hat and Cap House, No. 139 Wood street. We are selling off our stock of men, boys and children's Straw Goods, men and boys' Light Felt Hats, gent's Silk and Cassimere Hats, men and boys' Fur and Wool Hats, ladies and misses Hats, trimmed and untrimmed, Derbys, Sailors, Sandowns, at less prices than at any other house in the city. Call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

Merrimack Prints
At Bates and Bell's.

We Bespeak the Attention
Of our readers to the Shoe House of J. W. Carnahan & Co., 83 Market street. These gentlemen know how to cater for all tastes; they know also that they cannot retain their large trade unless they furnish good goods. In this faith and confidence they have filled their shelves and drawers with a very choice assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., and have displayed much judgment and forecast in selecting the best qualities and most approved styles, so that it is safe to predict a rapid increase of their business, already large and lucrative. Ladies and Gents give them a call.

Travelling Dress Goods
At Bates and Bell's.

Pittsburgh Gift Concert.
We were necessarily compelled to defer the distribution of gifts until Thursday evening. There was such a rush for tickets on Saturday and Monday last that we found it impossible to have our drawing list ready for Monday night. No more tickets will be sold nor reports from agents received after to-day. The names of agents failing to make reports in time will be published, so that ticket holders may know who are at fault. We are ready and willing to furnish receipts to all agents who make proper returns. Tickets for which we are not paid neither gain admission to our Concert nor draw gifts.
MCDONALD, THOMSON & CO.

New Dress Goods
At Bates and Bell's.

White Pine as a Medicine.
One of the most remarkable remedies known in all cases of mucous tissues, especially those of the kidneys and bladder, is "*Dr. Poland's White Pine Compound*," to be had at almost any drug store. A French mariner by the name of Cartier, in sailing along the coast of North America, and who was among the first discovers of the St. Lawrence river—on his return down the river found his men sadly afflicted, and disabled by what the sailors called *the scurvy*. Its ravages were fatal, and the survivors were scarcely able to bury the dead. Some of the Indians along the shores were likewise attacked by the same disease; but they were observed soon to recover. Cartier thereupon inquired their mode of treatment, when they pointed out to him a tree, the bark and leaves of which they used in decoction with signal success. *This tree was the white pine*. It will cure all complaints of the kidneys and bladder, also every disease of the mucous membrane of the lungs and air tubes. You can get Dr. Poland's White Pine Compound by the gross, dozen or single bottle, at *Dr. Keyser's* great medicine depot, 140 Wood street, sign of the golden mortar.

Shawls,
At reduced prices, at Bates and Bell's.

Strength for the Exhausted.
Thousands die, as it were, inch by inch, of bodily weakness; for debility will kill as certainly, though not so quickly, as a raging fever. It is asked how the weak shall be made strong; the debilitated sustained and restored; the exhausted refilled with vital energy? We answer that of all invigorating preparations given by science to man, from the institution of the art of healing to the present hour, not one has wrought such wonders in the way of *restoration* as HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS. This is indeed *the* tonic of tonics. As a revitalizing, strength-supporting, life-prolonging agent, the like of it is not to be found in the catalogue of medicines. Among the various articles used to arouse the dormant powers of nature, it stands alone—the great awakener of the paralyzed physique. If not only awakens the physical powers from a state of collapse and inanition, but it imparts permanent vigor to the muscular and nervous systems—reinforcing, as it were, both the stronghold and the outworks of vitality. The aged, the decrepid, the nervous, the broken-down of both of sexes, are recommended to try it. They will assuredly find it a present help in time of trouble.

Hostetter's Bitters
are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Market, near Fourth street.

Bates & Bell
Are opening new goods.

FROM CALIFORNIA

Celebration of the Completion of the Atlantic Cable.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 1.—A Victoria dispatch of yesterday, says: On the receipt of the news of the successful laying of the Atlantic Cable, the Legislature adjourned, business was suspended, and the Governor, Chief Justice and Mayor addressed an immense meeting in the public square. The Mayor was to send a congratulatory address to London.

The U. S. steamer Saginaw sailed yesterday for Victoria. G. H. Mumford, of the Western Union Telegraph, and James Street are passengers.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—The steamer Constitution has sailed for Panama, with $1,162,300 in treasure, of which $970,840 is for New York.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—A fire this morning destroyed the United States District Court Rooms. The records were saved.

The exports of copper are, for the past six months, 9,469 tons. Agents of the Swansea Works are here looking for supplies.

Mining shares are somewhat better, but transactions are light. Crown Point, 10,00; Yellow Jacket, 6,10; Belcher, 1,25; Legal Tenders, 7,20.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Riot Suppressed—Number of Persons Killed, Forty—A Large Number of Wounded.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—General Baird telegraphs from New Orleans, July 31st: The riot has been suppressed. I have declared martial law in the city. About forty persons have been killed, and a large number wounded, nearly all being friendly to the Convention.

Union Pacific Railroad.

OMAHA, August 1.—The Government Commissioners yesterday accepted an additional thirty-five miles of the Union Pacific Railroad. One hundred and sixty-three miles of the road are completed. This brings the road within thirty-one miles of Fort Kearney, which point will be reached by the first of September next. Regular passenger trains are now running to Grand Island.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

TELEGRAMS.

CABLE.

Latest Advices from Europe.

GREAT REFORM MEETING IN LONDON.

30,000 People Present.

PEACE CONSIDERED CERTAIN.

Austrian Naval Victory Overrated.

THE HYDE PARK RIOTS.

Complete Communication This Week.

ONE DAY'S RECEIPTS FOR MESSAGES.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—The *Herald* has the following dispatch:

LONDON, July 31st, 1866.

A great reform meeting was held to-day in this city. Thirty thousand persons were present.

Resolutions were adopted declaring that they had no faith in the Government. Petitions were read, which are to be presented to Parliament, demanding inquiry into the conduct of Sir Richard Wayne, Chief of Police.

The procession was immense. Several bands of music were in attendance and everything passed off quietly.

The *Tribune* has a special which says: Peace was certain at Berlin on Saturday. Bismarck and the King return this week. Prussia carries all her points.

The Liberals support Bismarck's foreign policy.

The Austrian naval victory is much overrated.

The Hyde Park riots and the movement to form an exclusive reform league meeting have perilled the Derby Government.

HEART'S CONTENT, July 28.—I have chartered the steamer Dauntless to run between Newfoundland and Cape Breton to carry messages until we get the cable repaired across the gulf of St. Lawrence. I expect to accomplish during this week. Mr. Masay, Superintendent of the Newfoundland line, left here on Friday, in Her Majesty's steam f Nerve, for Cape North. The steamer Bloodhound is alongside the Great Eastern, taking in twelve miles of cable to repair the Gulf of St. Lawrence cable, and will leave for Cape North this evening. The Atlantic Cable is working splendidly.

CYRUS W. FIELD.

NEW YORK, August 1.—Nineteen messages were filed in the telegraph office yesterday, on Tuesday, for transmission through the cable to Europe, on which tolls were paid to the amount of $2,157, in gold.

We learn that though the announcement that the Cable was open for business was only made yesterday P. M., there were twenty messages filed for Europe on that day, and the cash receipts therefrom at the NEW YORK office were $4,000 in gold.

SACKVILLE, N. B., August 1, 9 P. M.—The Nova Scotia lines have failed to work east of Pictou since seven o'clock this evening. We are in consequence unable to receive any dispatches to-night, via Aspy Bay, from the Atlantic cable. It is expected that the wires will be repaired by to-morrow morning.

FROM HARRISBURG.

Democratic Soldiers' Convention—Gen J. Bowman Sweitzer Chairman.

HARRISBURG, Pa., August 1.—The Pennsylvania Soldiers' Democratic State Convention assembled in this city. Credentials were presented by delegates from every representative district in the State. General J. B. Sweitzer, of Allegheny county, was chosen temporary chairman. A Committee of thirteen was then appointed to select officers for the permanent organization, after which the Convention took a recess for an hour.

Resolutions were passed at the democratic Soldiers' Convention held here to-day, which repudiate the action of the Soldiers' Convention held in Pittsburgh in June last. They claim that members of this Convention are the only authorized representatives to the soldiers of Pennsylvania who served in the army during the rebellion; denounce the action of Congress, and applaud President Johnson; pledge unconditional support, and equality; hold that negroes should be satisfied with being free, and should ask no more of the people. The ninth resolution attacks General Geary as an apologist of those leagued together to destroy the Union. The resolutions praise Clymer, and call on all soldiers to rally to his support, and return thanks to Cowan and Bakewell for their course in the Senate. This evening Mr. Clymer was serenaded and made a short address.

FROM NEW YORK.

Cholera Report—Fifteen Cases and Six Deaths—The Troops on Governor's Island—Painful Postal Regulation.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—There were fifteen cases and six deaths in this city, and ten cases and five deaths in Brooklyn, from cholera, reported to-day.

There were three deaths from cholera among the troops on Governor's Island last night, including one officer, (sixth.) All officers detailed for duty there are ordered to report to-day, and hereafter, until the disease has abated. No person will be allowed to enter or leave the island, Colonel Harden, U. S. A., in command of the post, is doing all in his power to improve the sanitary condition of the island. Colonel Brown, one of the best surgeons in the army, is surgeon in charge.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Notice has been received from the Prussian Port officers, that, in consequence of the war, letters for the Indian Islands, Greece, India, China, Australia, &c., cannot be forwarded by the Prussian closed mail to their destination via Trieste, and that all correspondence for those countries should not be dispatched from the United States in the closed mails to Prussia.

Virginia Delegates to the Philadelphia Convention.

RICHMOND, VA., August 1.—The Central Committee to-day appointed an executive and a sub-committee to recommend a list of delegates to the Philadelphia Convention. A resolution proposing to instruct the delegation to vote as a unit was indefinitely postponed. The meeting adjourned until seven p. m., to receive the report of the Sub-Committee.

At the evening session, the sub-committee reported the following list of delegates, which was adopted without opposition. Delegates at large—Hon. John Rives, John W. Brooks, Cruz and placed in the castle on San Juan, George Blow, Jr., Thos. S. F. Flourney. Alternates—F. F. Mr. Rives, William J. Riverton; for Mr. Brockenbrough, Charles L. Mosby; for Mr. Blow, R. W. Dunlop; for Mr. Flourney, William Newton. Delegates, 1st District—Richard A. Claybrook, Robt. Saunders; Alternates, Chas. K. Mallory, H. H. Tomlin. 2d Dist.—Edmund Fontaine, John L. Morie; Alternates, Zephaniah Jones, John H. Gay. 4th District—Chas. Bruce, E. W. Hubbard; Alternates, Jas. Neeblet, Robert Whitehead. 5th District—William M. Treadway, James F. Johnson; Alternates, Wm. Martin, E. H. Keen. 7th District—Dr. Samuel A. Coffman, A. H. H. Stuart; Alternates, Col. L. Anderson. 8th Dist.—Edmund Tilney. 7th District—Edgar Snowden, Richard H. Parker; Alternates, B. A. Shackelford, Austed Conts. 8th District—Walter R. Staples, Wyndham Robertson; Alternates, A. C. Cumming, Robert Gibbon.

Sharp Practice by the Adams Express Company—United States Court Appealed To.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—A dispatch from Washington says: At the close of the war the Adams Express Company advanced fifty thousand dollars to the Virginia Railroad Company, upon the understanding that they should not carry freight for any other express company at any less prices than they were charged. Under these circumstances the express under General Joe Johnston's management cannot compete, and the Railroad Companies, having re-established themselves, are endeavoring to put an end to their arrangement with the Adams Express Company. The case in the United States Court, and will be decided next week.

College Commencement Festivities.

BRUNSWICK, ME., Aug. 1.—The commencement festivities at Thornburg College are progressing finely. The following honorary degrees were conferred this forenoon: Rev. Dr. Woods, L. I. D.; Rev. John Pillo, D. D.; Rev. Hubbard Eaton, D. D.; Rev. Warren T. Webister, A. M. Rev. Dr. Woods to-day sent in his resignation as President of the College, and it was accepted and referred to a committee of the Board. The Rev. Dr. Harris, of Bangor, will undoubtedly be chosen his successor.

Connecticut Johnson Convention

NEW HAVEN, Aug. 1.—The Johnson State Convention met in this city to-day. Nearly two hundred people, including members and spectators were present. Senator Dixon presided and read a lengthy address condemning the policy of Congress and sustaining that of President Johnson. Resolutions in the same tone were adopted. Thirty-nine delegates were appointed to the Philadelphia Convention.

American Dental Association.

BOSTON, August 1.—The sessions of the American Dental Association, which is holding its sixth annual meeting here, were continued to-day.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

FROM EUROPE.

Details by the China's Mails.

LONDON REFORM RIOTS.

What Preceded Them.

PRUSSIAN PEACE PROPOSALS.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The China's mails bring full particulars of the events which preceded the Reform riots in London, reported by the Atlantic Cable on Monday. On the 18th of July, Sir Richard Wayne, Commissioner of Police in London, issued a printed notice pointing out the illegality of political demonstrations in Hyde Park, stating that such meetings were inconsistent with the purposes for which the Park is thrown to, and used by, the public. Sir Richard, after alluding to the proposed Reform gathering on the 23d, intimated that no assemblage of persons in large numbers would be allowed to take place in the park, and that all necessary measures would be adopted to prevent any such meeting, and effectually to preserve the public peace. He also addressed a letter to Mr. Beales, Chairman of the Reform League, asking him to use his influence in preventing the assemblage.

Mr. Beales replied by letter, that he could not recognize Mayaes' right or power to so act, styling any interference as dangerous and unconstitutional, and calculated to cause the real breach of the peace. The Secretary of the League also wrote through the papers that no alteration of programme would take place.

The subject came up in Parliament on the 19th, in which Mr Walpole endorsed the Mayor's proceedings and assumed its responsibility. In answer to Mr. Will, he admitted that the prohibition was founded on the fact that Hyde Park was a Royal Park, and that it was to prevent a breach of the peace.

The following particulars for the preliminary negotiations for an armistice are given on the night of July 12. The secretary of the French Embassy in Berlin, delivered at the headquarters of the Austria army, the following proposals on the part of Prussia:

The King of Prussia, in order to allow time for ascertaining the intentions of the Italian government, is ready to abstain from all acts of hostility for three days, upon the following conditions: The Austrians to evacuate the country between the position at present held by the Prussians and the river Thayer, the troops of the Austrian north army, the south, and the saxon army, and all their convoys, artillery and munitions, to remain as they are, Austria to abstain from making any movements until the expiration of the term agreed upon, the Prussians to remain at a distance of three miles from Olmutz, and the Prague and Pressier railway to be open for transmission of provisions to the Prussian army.

The Austrian reply to this proposal declared that the Prussian propositions were prejudicial to Austria, and advantageous for Prussia, as examples, that at a distance of three miles from Olmutz the Prussians would be able to surround the fortress on all sides, and that the Italians not being included in the conditions of the truce, would be able to advance. Austria therefore made a counter proposal, fixing a line of demarcation to be observed by neither army, but within the limits of which the several armies should be allowed freedom of movement. This line was to follow the course of the Thayer from its source to within two miles west of Lundenburg, to run parallel to, and two miles to the westward of the Lundenburg and Olmutz Railroad, to continue two miles from Olmutz, then occupied by the Prussians, and to stop two miles west and north of the outer works of Olmutz. This the King of Prussia declined, and said the sending of armistice was needless.

Lord Stanley had said in answer to the questions that England had not offered, but might offer, her services as mediator between Prussia, Italy and Austria. Her own interests were never less concerned. He had no appreciation of being drawn into war.

Of the cholera, the *Paris Mail Gazette* says: There can be no doubt now that the cholera, which has already effected a lodgment in many of our more distant ports, has appeared in a very pernicious form in London. Thirteen cases have been admitted into the London Hospital, and five deaths have occurred during the past week, as the patients are now in a precarious state. Several deaths from cholera have taken place in the neighborhood of the hospital. The cholera was also virulent at Southampton; also in Wales.

The Arch Duke has assumed command of the Austrian armies.

London journals give the following as substantially the terms of the treaty of peace between the great contending powers: First, The dissolution of the present Germanic Confederation. Second, Creation of a bond from which Austria is to be excluded; Prussia to annex the Duchies, except North Schleswig, which is to revert to Denmark; Prussia to have the entire control of the military forces of Germany, North of Maine, and to conclude military conventions to that end with various States whose sovereigns will be restored; the cession of Venetia to the King of Italy.

FROM NEW YORK.

Difficulties at New Orleans—President Johnson Condemned for His Interference—Call for a Fenian Meeting—Examination of the Counterfeiter Holmes.

NEW YORK July 31.—The *Evening Post* condemns President Johnson for his interference in the difficulties at New Orleans. If, it says, according to his theory Louisiana is a State in the Union, by what right does he interfere with its internal affairs. The Convention had a right to sit, whether it was a legal or illegal body, and if illegal, the State was the proper judge of the fact, which ought to have been decided by the courts. It characterizes his order as exceedingly unfortunate, and addressed to the wrong officer.

Mr. Stephens has issued a call to the officers and members of the Fenian Circles of New York, Brooklyn, Williamsburgh and Jersey City, directing them to meet him at the Cooper Institute on Monday evening, August 6th, at eight o'clock.

After a lengthy examination of Holmes, for having in his possession one hundred dollar, fifty dollar and twenty dollar counterfeit plates of United States Treasury notes, he was held in $5,000 bail to appear for trial in October.

A private letter from Montevideo, of June 14th, states that on the voyage to that port the ship Young, 31 days out, lat. 36 north, was followed by a fast screw steamer of fifteen hundred tons, with a large crew on board and a pivot gun on deck. After coming within a mile, it changed course and went off.

FROM MEXICO.

Attempted Revolution at the Capital—Parties Arrested and Banished.

NEW ORLEANS, August 1.—The steamer Alliance, from Vera Cruz on the 27th, has arrived at this port.

The yellow fever is at Vera Cruz.

A revolution was attempted at the capital, but the parties were arrested and banished to Yucatto. The prisoners were brought to Vera

Letters are pouring in daily asking for instructions and forms in relation to applications for the additional bounty under the recent act. None can be furnished until the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Treasury have prescribed the rules and regulations as the act directs. It will probably require several weeks, in the pressure of other business, before a system can be adopted and regulation, [illegible] printed for distribution.

Letters of inquiry must remain unanswered, and had better not be written, until notice has been given through the public press that rules have been prepared. The Second Auditor's office will settle only the claims of the heirs of deceased soldiers, but as there will be at least two hundred thousand of such claims, time must be required to prepare a proper register, and make other necessary arrangement to receive them. No advantage can possibly be gained by hurrying claims either into that office or the Paymaster General's office.

The compilation of the new Internal Revenue law, with appropriate laws of a like character, passed since July, 1861, has been completed at the office of Internal Revenue, and is now in the hands of the public printer. It is expected that the Commissioner will be able to commence the distribution of copies to-morrow.

Cotton and spirits of turpentine shipped from the South in bond, under the Treasury regulations of October 9th, 1865, are subject to the old rates of taxation.

Congress in a recent law, provided that all the transit facilities accorded to the trade with the British Provinces shall be extended to the trade over our Southern frontier with Mexico. The section is as follows:

All goods, wares, and merchandize arriving at the Port of Point, Isabel Texas, or any other part of the United States, which may be especially designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, and destined for places in Mexico may be entered at the Custom House and conveyed in transit through the territory of the United States without payment of duties, but upon rules, regulations and conditions for the protection of revenue as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe.

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The Austrian reply to this proposal declared that the Prussian propositions were prejudicial to Austria, and advantageous for Prussia, as examples, that at a distance of three miles from Olmutz the Prussians would be able to surround the fortress on all sides, and that the Italians not being included in the conditions of the truce, would be able to advance. Austria therefore made a counter proposal, fixing a line of demarcation to be observed by neither army, but within the limits of which the several armies should be allowed freedom of movement. This line was to follow the course of the Thayer from its source to within two miles west of Lundenburg, to run parallel to, and two miles to the westward of the Lundenburg and Olmutz Railroad, to continue two miles from Olmutz, then occupied by the Prussians, and to stop two miles west and north of the outer works of Olmutz. This the King of Prussia declined, and said the sending of armistice was needless.

Lord Stanley had said in answer to the questions that England had not offered, but might offer, her services as mediator between Prussia, Italy and Austria. Her own interests were never less concerned. He had no appreciation of being drawn into war.

Of the cholera, the *Paris Mail Gazette* says: There can be no doubt now that the cholera, which has already effected a lodgment in many of our more distant ports, has appeared in a very pernicious form in London. Thirteen cases have been admitted into the London Hospital, and five deaths have occurred during the past week, as the patients are now in a precarious state. Several deaths from cholera have taken place in the neighborhood of the hospital. The cholera was also virulent at Southampton; also in Wales.

The Arch Duke has assumed command of the Austrian armies.

London journals give the following as substantially the terms of the treaty of peace between the great contending powers: First, The dissolution of the present Germanic Confederation. Second, Creation of a bond from which Austria is to be excluded; Prussia to annex the Duchies, except North Schleswig, which is to revert to Denmark; Prussia to have the entire control of the military forces of Germany, North of Maine, and to conclude military conventions to that end with various States whose sovereigns will be restored; the cession of Venetia to the King of Italy.

FROM NEW YORK.

Difficulties at New Orleans—President Johnson Condemned for His Interference—Call for a Fenian Meeting—Examination of the Counterfeiter Holmes.

NEW YORK July 31.—The *Evening Post* condemns President Johnson for his interference in the difficulties at New Orleans. If, it says, according to his theory Louisiana is a State in the Union, by what right does he interfere with its internal affairs. The Convention had a right to sit, whether it was a legal or illegal body, and if illegal, the State was the proper judge of the fact, which ought to have been decided by the courts. It characterizes his order as exceedingly unfortunate, and addressed to the wrong officer.

Mr. Stephens has issued a call to the officers and members of the Fenian Circles of New York, Brooklyn, Williamsburgh and Jersey City, directing them to meet him at the Cooper Institute on Monday evening, August 6th, at eight o'clock.

After a lengthy examination of Holmes, for having in his possession one hundred dollar, fifty dollar and twenty dollar counterfeit plates of United States Treasury notes, he was held in $5,000 bail to appear for trial in October.

A private letter from Montevideo, of June 14th, states that on the voyage to that port the ship Young, 31 days out, lat. 36 north, was followed by a fast screw steamer of fifteen hundred tons, with a large crew on board and a pivot gun on deck. After coming within a mile, it changed course and went off.

FROM MEXICO.

Attempted Revolution at the Capital—Parties Arrested and Banished.

NEW ORLEANS, August 1.—The steamer Alliance, from Vera Cruz on the 27th, has arrived at this port.

The yellow fever is at Vera Cruz.

A revolution was attempted at the capital, but the parties were arrested and banished to Yucatto. The prisoners were brought to Vera Cruz and placed in the castle on San Juan, previous to transportation. The country is very much excited.

Three hundred exiles from the Rio Grande arrived at Tampico.

Arrived, the steamers George Cromwell and Raleigh, from New York, the former on Monday and the latter on Tuesday, hailed the Merrimac, for New York, on Saturday evening.

South Carolina Copper-Johnson Convention.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug 1.—The Convention met to-day. The districts of the States were fully represented. Governor Orr was chosen President by acclamation. The Convention adopted resolutions approving the President's policy, as opposed to the radical views of Congress, and cordially accepted the invitation to unite with the Conservatives of the country in the Philadelphia Convention.

At the evening session the following delegation to the Philadelphia Convention were chosen. Delegates at large: Gov. Orr, Senator Bury, G. B. Campbell, delegates from the 1st District, Richard Dreker; 2nd District, Thomas G. Simms, W. P. Shauyler; 3rd District, D. L. Wardden, Gen. S. McGowan; 4th District; L. M. Dawkins, James Farrow.

The Convention adjourned *sine die*.

Injunction Against the Nashville Police Commissioners.

NASHVILLE, August 1.—The Mayor and City Council obtained an injunction from Chancellor Campbell, enjoining the Metropolitan Commissioners from the further organization of the police force until after a hearing, on account of the illegal proceedings of the Legislature which passed the act therefor, and the provision for raising money for the support of that force.

Two Fatal Cases of Cholera at Taylor Barracks, Louisville—Soldier Shot.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 1.—Two fatal cases of cholera have taken place at Taylor Barracks among the recruits that recently arrived from New York.

Charles Morris, of company C, was fatally shot at the barracks for breaking guard.

The Condemned Military Prisoners.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 1.—It is known that the prisoners sentenced to death by military commission, and whose recent mysterious removal from Castle Pickney occasioned much speculation, were sent to the Dry Tortugas for life, by order of the President, who thus commuted their sentence.

River and Weather at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, July 31.—River falling fast with six feet four inches in canal.

Mercury 87 deg. Weather clear.

Municipal Nomination.

BALTIMORE, August 1.—Mayor Chapman was, for the third time, renominated for election to the Mayoralty.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Ten Millions of Stamps Being Printed—Congressmen and the Increase of Salaries—The Bounty to Soldiers—Compilation of Revenue Laws—Trade With Mexico—Large Attendance at the Executive Mansion—Coffins for Union Soldiers—General Sherman Serenaded—National Union Executive Committee.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—The Printing Bureau of the Treasury Department, is now printing ten millions of stamps of different denominations, for beer barrels, as required by a recently passed law. It is supposed that this provision will materially prevent frauds on the Internal Revenue.

Although many Congressmen voted against the increase of their salaries, it is pretty clearly established that every one of them has drawn the extra pay.

Letters are pouring in daily asking for instructions and forms in relation to applications for the additional bounty under the recent act. None can be furnished until the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Treasury have prescribed the rules and regulations as the act directs. It will probably require several weeks, in the pressure of other business, before a system can be adopted and regulation, [illegible] printed for distribution.

Letters of inquiry must remain unanswered, and had better not be written, until notice has been given through the public press that rules have been prepared. The Second Auditor's office will settle only the claims of the heirs of deceased soldiers, but as there will be at least two hundred thousand of such claims, time must be required to prepare a proper register, and make other necessary arrangement to receive them. No advantage can possibly be gained by hurrying claims either into that office or the Paymaster General's office.

The compilation of the new Internal Revenue law, with appropriate laws of a like character, passed since July, 1861, has been completed at the office of Internal Revenue, and is now in the hands of the public printer. It is expected that the Commissioner will be able to commence the distribution of copies to-morrow.

Cotton and spirits of turpentine shipped from the South in bond, under the Treasury regulations of October 9th, 1865, are subject to the old rates of taxation.

Congress in a recent law, provided that all the transit facilities accorded to the trade with the British Provinces shall be extended to the trade over our Southern frontier with Mexico. The section is as follows:

All goods, wares, and merchandize arriving at the Port of Point, Isabel Texas, or any other part of the United States, which may be especially designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, and destined for places in Mexico may be entered at the Custom House and conveyed in transit through the territory of the United States without payment of duties, but upon rules, regulations and conditions for the protection of revenue as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe.

The following is a translation from *Le Temps* of Paris, of July 17th. The *Moniteur De La Loire*, of the 14th inst., reports that a new detachment of the Foreign Legion is coming from Aix and going to Nizaritz, passed through that city yesterday.

There was again to-day a very large attendance at the Executive Mansion. Quite a number of those obtaining interviews with the President were members of Congress who are yet in the city attending to business of their constituents. At 1:30 o'clock the President opened his doors to all visitors, and a very large number present, taking advantage of the opportunity, sought the ear of the President for various purposes in which they were interested.

Over two thousand coffins are now in the city awaiting the orders of different undertakers designed for the burial of Union soldiers.

Lieutenant General Sherman was complimented to-night with a serenade, by the band of the 12th Infantry. He made a brief response to the call of the crowd, remarking that he had nothing to say except that his home was in St. Louis, where he would be happy to see those before him on the plains where he intended to go. He was a stranger here and he thought the less a man said in Washington, the better for the good of his own best friend, he would and no more than to express his thanks for the honor conferred upon him on this occasion.

The National Executive Committee will be in session at the Continental Hotel, Philadelphia, from Friday, the 10th of August, until the meeting of the Convention. They request that the full number of each State be present. Office address, for warrant immediately, and that they will report in person on arrival in the city.

Cherokee Chief John Ross Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, August 1.—A Washington dispatch to the *Ledger* announces the death of John Ross, the distinguished Cherokee Chief, in that city.

Specie for Liverpool

BOSTON, August 1.—The steamer Africa takes to Liverpool $40,000.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Additional Local Matters on Third Page.

Riot at Petroleum Centre

A disgraceful and destructive riot occurred at Petroleum Centre on Monday night, resulting in the wounding of two men, complete demolition of one house, the cleaning out of another

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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NELSON P. REED } Business Managers.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1866.

UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

SHERIFF:
SAMUEL B. CLULEY, City.

CLERK OF COURT:
JOHN G. BROWN, Hampton Tp.

CLERK OF ORPHANS COURT:
ALEXANDER HILANDS, City.

RECORDER:
HENRY SNIVELY, City.

REGISTER:
JOSEPH M. GRAY, Plum Tp.

COMMISSIONER:
GEORGE HAMILTON, City.

DIRECTOR OF POOR:
JOHN F. DMAYO, Mifflin Tp.

ASSEMBLY:
JOHN P. GLASS, City.
GEORGE WILSON, Pitt Tp.
GEORGE Y. McKEE, North Fayette Tp
SAMUEL CHADWICK, Collins Tp.
WILLIAM PETER, Ross Tp.
R. A. COLVILLE City.

THE EUROPEAN WAR.

The dispatch containing the announcement of *Peace* was, if not bogus, at least premature. Instead of peace, there was simply a preliminary truce of five days which was afterwards prolongated into an armistice of four weeks. Yet, although no peace, this armistice virtually amounts to the same thing. Prussia would *not* have have acceded to it if Austria had not given *sufficient* guaranties for the earnestness of her intentions. So, although not yet declared, we may nevertheless look for peace as certain, and use the leisure which the pending negotiations give us for a general review of European affairs.

Within six weeks the political aspect of European Powers has undergone a radical change. Before that time, France stood evidently as the leading State, with its influence based on the efficiency of its armies. They had shown their prowess on the plains of Lombardy and given emphasis to every word which their Emperor chose to utter. *Now* this is slightly altered. Those Austrian armies which gave them so much trouble in Italy and were only overcome after many desperate conflicts; those armies that after their retreat into the quadrangel were still formidable enough to let NAPOLEON prefer a safe peace to the uncertain chances of continued war, were suddenly, overwhelmingly defeated by a Power whose military excellency had existed only in theory, but of whose real strength the world was totally ignorant. Indeed, there is not a single State or statesman, in Europe or America, to whom this stupendous development of the power of Prussia has not been a complete surprise. France did not expect it, or NAPOLEON might not have deemed it prudent to give BISMARK fair play; Austria did not expect it, or it would not recklessly have plunged into a double conflict. The smaller German States expected it least of all, or they would have been more cautious in casting their votes on the 14th of June. Indeed it is the question, whether Prussia was not surprised herself. And yet the careful observer might have expected all that has happened. Admitting that the coarse blunders of the Austrian leader facilitated the Prussian success, admitting that they had a great advantage in their needle-guns—the real cause of their rapid progress, their surprising achievements—lies deeper. In Austria the soldier is nothing but a machine, moving at the pleasure of his officers, but having no animating influence of his own. Poorly educated, purposely held in the fetters of superstition, he is nothing but a cipher, which only gains influence by the leading figure. Now let this figure be a cipher itself, as in the case of BENEDEK, and the whole sum is reduced to nothing. Nor is the soldier alone inferior individually; the Austrian officer stands deeply below his Prussian colleague. When a Prussian or Hanoverian cadet fails in the examination, through which all have to pass, he goes, as a last resource, to Austria and receives a lieutenancy without any difficulty whatever. Any Prussian officer can, on resigning, receive employment in the Austrian army with promotion. It is, then, the element of education and enlightenment pervading the Prussian army which makes it so efficient in its efforts. In this respect it is not only superior to the Austrians, but to the English and French too, for that matter. In France the officer and even the common soldier are polite in their manners, but not exactly profound in their knowledge, in spite of the military schools through which they have to go, and in England, where everybody can *buy* a commission, the efficiency, generally speaking, *cannot* be very high.

But, returning to the superiority of the Prussian troops, as an established matter of fact, we see at once, that the point of gravity is entirely changed. It has, according to our opinion, received a much more appropriate position, in as far as this position is a mere central one, and because it lies with the Germanic element, from which alone we expect a desirable development of human affairs. This element secured to England and the United States its preponderance in the Anglo-Saxon fusion; and if it should also gain the ascendancy on the European continent, as it has the appearance, we can expect but a common benefit from it. The French nation and their Emperor feel the danger in which the Romanic races stand, and therefore the Mexican effort, and the continual attempt of Napoleon to secure and preserve the ascendancy of France in Europe. The French are the only Romanic race thus struggling for influence and power, and we attribute this simply to the Germanic blood flowing in their veins. Spain will never assume a commanding aspect again, at least not with its present population, and even Italy, in spite of her efforts of regeneration, will never again see Rome the Seat of Universal Power. Then Russia, the Scandinavian powers and England are alone remaining to rival with a united Germany. Russia is not civilized enough to undertake a mission of progress and reform, and the immediate ascendancy of that power could only be considered as a great misfortune. Not that there are great excellencies to be denied to the Russian race, but its time is not yet come, and before it comes it may be influenced, in fact it is influenced by civilizing elements. German bearing, German industry, are gradually wending their way into the provinces of Poland and Prussia, improving, elevating, and refining the naturally vigorous elements of those countries.

In regard to Scandinavia, we see in them a kindred element, rough but strong, which will exercise its influence by giving and preserving a *healthy* tone to its Southern neighbor. As to England, we mean to be cautious in our expressions in regard to that country. Anything said about England by the American press is so generally considered as dictated by jealousy and dislike, that we are inclined to be reserved in regard to her. We do not harbor any feelings of that kind towards the English nation, and hope that she will, sooner or later, succeed in freeing herself from those anomalous elements which shape its present policy. But if these elements remain, if the merchant and feudal Princes of Great Britain continue to rule that country, we expect to see it sink from the position of a first to that of a second Power.

THE DEATH PENALTY.

Anterior to Civilization, in the depths of the profoundest Barbarism, there exists a condition of society in which the slaughter of a human being is regarded as of no more consequence than the killing of a beast. This condition was recently illustrated by a newspaper paragraph in which a barbarian chief was described as exhibiting his generosity towards a christian missionary. The chief asked the preacher if he was fond of meat. Receiving an affirmative answer, he ran his eyes over the group of people by whom he was surrounded, selected a plump girl, smote her dead at his feet, and earnestly inquired if one was enough.

In somewhat advanced conditions of society, in the later stages of Barbarism and the earlier eras of Civilization, the laws are written in blood. Death is the penalty for most offences. Nor is death itself regarded as a sufficient expistion. Torture in its most terrible forms, is commonly superadded. Not unfrequently innocent relatives are assumed to be vicariously involved in guilt, and subjected to equal severities.

As society advances—as malignant passions are subdued and the kindly charities developed—the number of offences adjudged to be capital, are diminished. This process is, in general, so gradual as scarcely to be perceived. Some of the minor offences against God and religion—against man, his person, reputation and property—are allowed to be condoned by imprisonments, fines or restrictions. Then, only the chief violators of each particular right or precept are held to be capital. Afterwards, whole classes of acts drop from the catalogue of crimes, as heresy, demonology, witchcraft and the like. The principle of justice, badly defined and shockingly applied, begins to wane. Love dawns, and begins to assert its rightful authority, and in methods peculiar to itself. Sometimes it takes grotesque shapes, and demands not to share the empire with justice, but to have justice absolutely dethroned.

Just now an earnest discussion, participated in, it must be confessed, by a small minority, is carried on, relative not simply to the efficiency, but the obligation of abolishing the death penalty altogether. In morals, as in mathematics, the greater involves the less. If Justice, in its higher and severer applications cannot be maintained, it is difficult to see what basis is left for any applications of it. If the worst grades of criminals are not to be held to the rule of Justice, it would be absurd to insist on holding the milder grades to a rigid accountability.

Nor is the case much altered if the issue is shifted from the domain of absolute Right to that of Expediency. It would seem to follow inevitably that if the higher exhibitions of Justice are prejudicial to social progress and legal ameliorations, the lower exhibitions of it must fall under the same censure, in corresponding ratio. If Justice, in one form, tends to brutalize and debase, it is difficult to see why the rule does not hold good all through.

So long as so many human beings are so organized as to be influenced solely or mainly by the lower propensities, or by brute force, it may sound pleasantly to talk of appeals to their better natures, of bringing them under the dominion of the affections, and all that sort of thing, but practically labor in that direction must fail of satisfactory results.

GENERAL NEWS.

—There are at present 10,758 soldiers in the Government hospitals.

—All the "fashionable churches" in New York have been closed for the summer.

—Edwin Booth commences an engagement at the Boston Theatre in September.

—Prof. Louis Agassiz goes to the Paris Exposition as Commissioner for Massachusetts.

—Chief Justice Salmon P. Chase is on a visit to Corinth, New Hampshire, his native town.

—A Concrete Stone Company has been organized in Richmond, Va., for the manufacture of tomb stones on a large scale.

—The remains of the father of Gen. Lee are to be removed from Georgia to Lexington, by order of the Virginia Legislature.

—A man was arrested in Milwaukee for praying silently on the streets. Doubtless it is an offence there to pray outside of church.

—The *Scientific American* says the needle gun is an invention twenty years old, and is not up to the standard of American breech-loaders.

—An old man out West attempted to rejuvenate himself with hot baths, and was found dead one morning, the flesh upon his limbs being literally cooked.

—The Princess Mary, of Cambridge, it is said, was weighed a few days before the marriage, when it was found that she represented her substantial figure of eighteen stone—252 pounds.

—A tenant house company has been chartered in Toledo, Ohio, with a capital of $100,000. A number of brick dwelling houses are to be erected and rented before next winter sets in.

—Mary Murphy, an inmate of the Monson, Mass., State almshouse, was drowned in a bathing tub in that place Wednesday. She was subject to fits, and is supposed to have been taken with one while bathing.

—The monument which Barnum is building in the cemetery at Fairfield, Connecticut, will weigh about sixty-five tons, and a wag suggests that when the great showman gets under it he will be permanently located.

—The police of Paris recently found the bodies of three young girls who had committed suicide by smothering themselves to death with charcoal. They were found in a kneeling posture, attired in their best dresses.

—A gentlemen who has traveled extensively in the East, states that in Egypt, where sunstroke is of frequent occurrence, the Arabs dissolve salt in water and pour it into the sufferer's ears, thus speedily relieving him.

—Mr. Robert Bonner, of the New York *Ledger*, has just purchased, at Saratoga, the celebrated trotting mare Pocahontas, for $40,000. She had, just previous to the sale, won a race at Saratoga, the time made being 2.26¼.

—A Mrs. Kallon, of St. Louis, on Tuesday, when handling a coat of her husband's that had a revolver in one of the pockets, was shot in the eye by the accidental discharge of one of the barrels. She is not expected to recover.

—The municipal council of Amiens has voted an address of gratitude to the Empress Eugenie for her late visit to the cholera patients in that city, and decided that a commemorative medal in gold should be struck and sent to her.

—Harlan G. Knapp killed himself in the cemetery grounds in Williamsburg, New York, on Saturday the 28th. He discharged the contents of five barrels of a revolver into his body. He was about twenty years of age, and of very respectable connections. His business recently was in Wall street, New York, where he speculated on his own account for two months. Intimate acquaintances believe that the results of these speculations caused him to take his life.

DRUNKENNESS AMONG WOMEN.

Astonishing Charges Against the New York Ladies-Dress-Makers' Supplying their Customers with Brandy—Wine Kept in Dry Goods Stores for Fashionable Females.

The *Round Table* of last week has an article on the revival of intemperance, which has lately taken place, and asserts that the ravages of the vice are particularly noticeable among women. It says:

Drinking is again becoming fashionable, and the ladies are responsible for this retrogression. Two weeks ago we had occasion to notice the prevalence of drinking among ladies at our watering places; but it is not alone at the watering places that the ladies thus indulge. At their own homes, at the stores, and at those public nuisances called ladies' restaurants they are accustomed to drink liquors. The sight of a tipsy or intoxicated woman is not uncommon at the seaside, and it is by no means extraordinary upon Broadway. We have the best authority for stating that some of the most elegant ladies of our leading cities will pass this summer not at Saratoga or Newport, as usual, but at an asylum for inebriates. And we assert upon the same authority that the vice of fashionable drinking is now more prevalent among the ladies than among the gentlemen of this country.

In support of these statements, instances of the most distressing character have been brought to notice. Some women trace their downfall to a habit formed of taking spirits, and others to a habit formed during a long illness, when they were ordered to drink liquors as a tonic. Once developed, the taste seems less controllable in women than in men. The ladies drink in secret. They have private bottles hidden about the house in spite of the vigilance of doctors, nurses, husbands, and fathers. Certain dressmakers make it a point to furnish their customers with drink, and some of the most fashionable *milliners and modes* are, in fact, fashionable drinking houses. In some stores bottles of wine are also kept on hand for lady shoppers, and in others the merchants allow their boys to be sent to the nearest barroom for liquor when ladies desire it. At the so-called ladies' restaurants all sorts of fancy drinks are as freely ordered by and supplied to women as creams and ices used to be, and anybody who will take the trouble to visit one of these resorts may see well-dressed, fashionable ladies enter unattended and call for liquors at all hours of the day.

These are startling facts; but there are others still more surprising and equally true. Our fashionable female drinkers do not care so much for wines, and claret punches, and sherry cobblers. They confine their such beverages at dinner or at evening parties, and when left to themselves they prefer stronger spirits. Whisky and brandy are the favorite drinks with these ladies. It may be true that a woman is very far gone upon the downward road when she can order and drink such stimulants in a public saloon, but still hundreds of women in our best society do this every day. Some of the saloons which they frequent do not have the stronger liquors upon the bill of fare, but a neat little sign, which reads, "If you do not see what you want ask for it," gives the hint to the initiated.

In dressmakers' bills the significant item "small trimmings" often covers up the expense of liquors which the lady has ordered through the modiste, who panders to her vitiated taste. At the watering places a bribe to the waiter procures a secret supply of liquor, which by the connivance of the landlord is charged as "extra luncheons." Ladies in private families who will find no difficulty in obtaining the means of intoxication, and often the man of business, engrossed with his cares and thoughtlessly unsuspicious of the serpent that has crept into his Eden, discovers to his horror that his wife or daughter has become a confirmed drunkard, and that all his efforts to reform her are utterly useless.

If we would unroof the houses of this and other cities we could exhibit to the reader instances of female intoxication that make angels weep. Mothers of families are breaking the hearts of their husbands and daughters by this vice. Girls of eighteen, the daughters of our most respectable merchants, have been seen grossly intoxicated on Broadway, shaped and upset the public street. Many a home, apparently most elegant and attractive, is rendered a perfect pandemonium by one of the lady inmates through this weakness. The belles at fashionable watering places, this summer, who sit upon piazzas late at night, and think it very amusing to be made "funny" by drinking with gentlemen, little know the fate that is in store for them. The painted courtesans who flaunt in low groggeries, and nerve themselves for their foul vocation by glasses of gin, are hardly so much to be pitied as these respectable ladies, who secretly indulge the same craving for stimulants, but who are unable to conceal the effects of their indulgences.

PRIME INDIGO!
PRIME INDIGO!

Prime Indigo,
Prime Indigo,

For Dyeing Purposes,
For Dyeing Purposes,

That Cannot be Equalled for Quality or Price,
That Cannot be Equalled for Quality or Price,

AT FLEMING'S DRUG STORE,
AT FLEMING'S DRUG STORE,

No. 84 Market Street,
No. 84 Market Street,

Corner of the Diamond, near Fourth Street.
Corner of the Diamond, near Fourth Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

FEATHERS—9 sacks to arrive and for sale by INGALLS DUCKEY & CO.

FEED.—244 sacks "Shorts" to arrive, for sale by HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

GRAIN—5,000 bush. No. 1 Oats; 2,500 bush. Northwestern Wheat, in City Elevator;
2,000 " prime red and white Wheat to arrive.
For sale by HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

CONSIGNMENT.—We are daily receiving our usual amount of Prime Peaches, Melons, Apples, &c., &c., and for sale cheap to the trade and family customers, by
W. STEEL & BRO.,
No. 138 Third street.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas letters of Administration on the estate of Margaret Montgomery, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims against the estate of the said decedent are requested to make the same known, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment to J. R. NEWMAN, Administrator.
au2:w97 139 Webster street.

FOR SALE.—In Allegheny, a BRASS FOUNDERY AND GAS FITTING SHOP, with machinery all in perfect order and doing a good business, will be closed out at a bargain, as the present owner wishes to embark in another business. Inquire corner Sandusky and Water streets, or address JOHN LAY, Allegheny.
au2:w96

SMALL FARM, CROP, STOCK, &c., FOR SALE, situate on its 2½ miles from Allegheny City, by good roads; new frame house, stable, good spring, nearly 14 acres of ground, each all in cultivation; 10 fruit trees, 30 grape vines 2 years of age; horses, cows, hogs, wagons, harness, manure, in fact implements, etc. Price, $6,500; or, the house, stock and 2 acres for $1,600. Terms easy. Immediate possession. S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
au2 81 Market street.

SPLENDID RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

Situate on a line of Passenger Railway, about 2½ miles from the city. The house is large, new, commodious, and provided with modern improvements; attached to it is one garden with fruit, &c. For particulars, apply to
J. LUDEWIG KOETHES,
au2:w98 71 Grant Street.

FOR GENTS.
FINE CALF BOOTS, SHOES, and CONGRESS GAITERS.
FOR LADIES—FINE BALMORALS and CONGRESS GAITERS.
Choice KID BOOTS and SLIPPERS.
Stock large and varied, manufactured expressly for city sales, of best material, suited to all feet and every taste. Customers supplied and politely served at No. 93 Market street.
au2 J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE.—Containing sixteen acres, all under fence and in a high state of cultivation, situate in Union Township, half an hours drive from the city, in a thickly settled neighborhood. Neat cottage house, 7 rooms; good barn and stable, springs and fine selection of fruit. The whole place underdrained with coal. Possession given immediately. Price low. Terms very easy.
au2 H. McLAIN & CO., 122 Fourth street.

OFFICE OF GLASGOW OIL COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, August 1st, 1866.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF GLASGOW OIL COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of TWO PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, payable to Stockholders on and after the 15th inst., at the office of the Treasurer, Fourth street. Books will be closed from 10th to 15th inst.
Stockholders are further notified that the Annual Meeting for election of Officers, &c., will be held on THURSDAY, August 16th, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the Treasurer, 120 Liberty street.
au2:w91 J. L. MARSHALL, Sec'y & Treas.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.—Thursday, the 19th inst., a WHITE COW, with blueish black spots on the neck. Also, on Tuesday, 24th inst., A RED COW, with white on hind legs. A reward of $10 will be paid for the return of both cows to the subscriber. JOHN H. DETERS,
jy28:w86 Dutch Corner Road, Minersville, Pa.

COUNTY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 31st, 1866.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE received at this office until MONDAY, AUGUST 6th, at 10 o'clock m., for the filling and paving of Allegheny Avenue, from Ridgeway, to Rebecca street. Also, for the grading of Monterey street. By order of the Street Committee.
au1 E. B. FRANCIS, City Controller.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.)
Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,
Foreign Exchange,
Gold, Silver and Coupons.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

FOR CARDS, MINIATURES, LIFE SIZE PHOTOGRAPHS,
Landscapes and City Views,

Call at the PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY of
W. T. PURVIANCE & CO.'S,
Nos. 2 and 4 St. Clair Street,
au2:TTS Pittsburgh.

THE GREATEST GAME OF THE DAY.

CROQUET BALLS,
Mallets, Hoops and Stakes,

ALL COMPLETE IN A NEAT BOX, AT
JAMES BOWN'S,
au2:TTS 133 WOOD STREET.

ADDITIONAL BOUNTIES TO Soldiers of 1861 and 1862.

All who served three years are entitled to $100 bounty; those serving two years, $50, or who were discharged by reason of wounds, or their heirs.

Three Months Extra Pay

Is due Volunteer Officers in the service March 3d, 1865, and discharged, mustered out, or resigned since April 1, 1861.

PENSIONS.—Permanently disabled are entitled to $15, $20 or $25, according to degree of disability.

W. J. & HALL PATTERSON, Attorneys,
au1 71 Grant Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between THOMAS, JAMES and ROBERT WILSON, under the name and style of WILSON & BROS., Was Dissolved by Mutual Consent,

on the 28th inst., Thomas retiring. The affairs of the late firm will be settled by J. & R. H. WILSON, who will continue in the business of

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING
AS HERETOFORE, AT
24 Federal Street, Allegheny City.
jy30:w281

BANK EXCHANGE
RESTAURANT,
H. SCHILD, Proprietor.
No. 90 Third St., Pittsburgh.
GENTLEMEN'S DINING ROOMS.

All the luxuries of the season. Choice Liquors, Segars, &c. Private Dining rooms up stairs.
jy28:d2w

E. MEGRAW & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGARS,
No. 31 St. Clair Street.
Factory, 53 AND 55 HAND STREET.
jy28:w70

MONUMENTS, TOMB STONES,
STATUARY, BUSTS, FOUNTAINS,
ARCHITECTURAL DECORATIONS, DESIGNS,
AND MODELS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
At the Most Reasonable Rates.
I. BROOME.
jy26:w80 92 Penn Street, Pittsburgh.

GRAND PIC-NIC
FOR THE BENEFIT OF A
WOUNDED SOLDIER,
R. W. RAMSAY, Late of 8th Pa. Res.,
AT
GLENWOOD GROVE,
Friday, August 3, 1866.

Connellsville cars will leave the foot of Ross street, at 7, 8:30 and 11 A. M., and 1 and 3:10 P. M. Return trains—At 9:45 and 7 o'clock P. M.
jy28:2w
RUSSELL ERRETT ..... WILLIAM ANDERSON.
ERRETT & ANDERSON,
Book and Job Printers,

Will continue the Book and Job Printing business in all its branches, at the
CAZETTE STEAM
JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
84 Fifth St., Gazette Building.
And respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.
jy16:d99

W. H. GARRARD ..... D. A. BOOTH ..... W. T. GARRARD
POINT MALT HOUSES.
W. H. GARRARD & CO.,
Malsters, Grain & Hop Dealers,
No. 17 Water Street; and
Nos. 5 and 7 Penn Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ The highest market price paid for WHEAT, BARLEY, RYE, CORN and OATS. jy6:d81

R. J. FLEMING,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Fruit Cans, Glass and Earthen Jars,
Of every description, and manufacturer of
Tin Fruit Cans.
Office, 139 WOOD STREET,
(At Fleming's Hat Store.)
jy7:d78 PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR RENT.
A FRAME HOUSE,

With seven rooms and hall, good stable, excellent water at the door; situated on the old Washington road, about five miles from the city. Possession immediately.
For further particulars, enquire of
G. H. TOWER,
jy22:d88 No. 104 Fourth Street.

TO LET.—A Desirable Two Story Brick Dwelling, containing six rooms, vide hall, good dry cellar, gas in every room, hot and cold water baths, &c. All in complete order. Only five minutes walk from the Postoffice. Possession can be had immediately.
For further particulars inquire of
JAMES PHELAN,
jy27:d76 No. 24 Fifth Street.

WESTERN MILITARY INSTITUTE, NEAR DAYTON, OHIO.—Major JAMES M. LOCKE, Superintendent, Captain C. B. STIVERS, U. S. A., Commandant. The next session of this Institution will open SEPTEMBER 5th, 1866. Circulars can be had at the Book Store of A. H. English & Co., where also persons desiring further information can confer with Rev. A. MUELFINDLEY, Professor in the Institute, from 10 A. M. to 12 M., daily, till August 4th, prox. jy23:w34:TTS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the report of the viewers for the opening of DAVIS ALLEY, in the City of Allegheny, setting forth the damages and benefits assessed upon the property adjoining, &c., was filed, July 10th, 1866, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny county, which Court appeals from said report may be made within six weeks from the date of the filing thereof.
M. A. WOODWARD,
jy17:d74 City Solicitor.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE TURTLE CREEK DIVISION CONSTRUCTION BONDS.—Holders are hereby notified that the interest coupons on above bonds, due August 1st, 1866, will be paid on and after that date, on presentation and delivery at the First National Bank, Pittsburgh.
JNO. H. PAGE, JR.,
jy7:w275 Treasurer.

BREWERS, ATTENTION.—FOR SALE.—150 good second hand ALE BARRELS AND HALVES will be sold at a bargain.
HENRY REA, JR.,
jy20:TT&S 285 Liberty, opposite Seventh street.

LOVERING'S
SUGARS.

Crushed and Pulverized Loaf and Refined White and Yellow sugars, just received and for sale by the barrel or pound, at the Family or Grocery store of
JNO. A. RENSHAW,
au1 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

STRAY COW.—Came to the subscribers, living at the far end of Sharpsburg bridge, on Thursday evening last, a RED COW, (steer) had a calf about nine days old. The owner will call, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be sold according to law.
jy26:w87 GEORGE HENDERSON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BATES & BELL.
21 Fifth Street.
ARE OPENING
AN ASSORTED STOCK OF
NEW DRY GOODS.
BATES & BELL.

AN ORDINANCE increasing the salary of the superintendent of the Water Works.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same,* That hereafter the salary of the Superintendent of the Water Works shall be the sum of fifteen hundred dollars per annum.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 26th day of July, A. D., 1866.
JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
au1:3t Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE supplementary to an ordinance widening Webster and Roberts streets.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same,* That Roberts street be and is hereby extended to the full width of 50 feet, according to the district plan between Bedford street and Enoch street, and that any ordinance or part of an ordinance in conflict with this ordinance be and the same is hereby repealed, concerning the opening of Roberts street, be ween Enoch street and Centre avenue.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 2d day of July, A. D., 1866.
JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
au2:w93 Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE increasing the salary of the Chief of Police.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That from and after the first day of July, 1866, the salary of the Chief of Police shall be one thousand dollars per annum.

SEC. 2. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances conflicting with the above, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 6th day of July, A. D., 1866.
JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
au1:w90 Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING the grading, paving and setting with curb stone Webster street, from Bedford street to Centre avenue, in the Eighth ward.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the authority of the same,* That the according Regulator be and he is hereby authorized and required to cause to be graded, paved and set with curb stone, Webster street, from Bedford street to Centre avenue, in the Eighth ward.

SEC. 2. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances conflicting with the provisions of this ordinance be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 26th day of July, A. D., 1866.
JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
au1:w90 Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE in relation to the petition of the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Chicago Railroad Company for a turn-out or track to connect the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad to the Panhandle Railroad.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same,* That the Pittsburgh Connellsville Railroad Company be and are hereby authorized to make and lay a turn-out or track from the line of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad to Try street; said switch to connect at the intersection of the centre of Third and Try street, on the line of grade designated by the Street Committee.

SEC. 2. The Mayor, in conjunction with the Street Committee, are hereby authorized to grant to said Company a license for the same on said Company paying the usual fee for licenses unto the Mayor.

SEC. 3. Nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to prevent the City from exercising the privilege granted by this ordinance at any time upon six days' notice being given.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 30th day of July, A. D., 1866.
JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
au2:w93 Clerk of Common Council.

Notice to Invalid Pensioners.

ALL INVALID PENSIONERS who are now receiving a pension of $6 per month, are *Entitled to from $15 to $25,*
According to rate of disability, under act of June 6th, 1866. Apply at once, or address
B. F. BROWN,
Late Local Claim Agt. U. S. Sanitary Commission.
jy11:d69 67 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh.

SD. KAYLOR, Pres't ..... W. S. McELROY, Sec'y.
PITTSBURGH BOLT COMPANY.
WE ARE PREPARED to make all kinds of Bolts, from ¼ to 4 inches in diameter.

JOINT BOLTS,	CAR BOLTS,
PLOW BOLTS,	CARRIAGE BOLTS,
BUILDING BOLTS,	FOUNDATION BOLTS,
SPLICE BOLTS,	SET SCREWS,
NUT WASHERS,	&c., &c.

Corner Morton and Butler Sts., Ninth Ward. Orders left at Fort Pitt Foundry, or
General Blacksmithing promptly attended to.
jy2:d64

EXCELSIOR
OMNIBUS AND LIVERY STABLE,
No. 410 Penn Street.
JAMES K. DAIN, Proprietor

☞ Omnibuses and carriages furnished for all trains. Also, Carriages for Funerals, Weddings and Parties, at short notice and reasonable rates.

Stable Open Day and Night.
jy2:w90:TTH,S

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
OFFICE PITTSBURGH AND BOSTON MINING CO.,
PITTSBURGH, July 31st, 1866.
THE PITTSBURGH AND BOSTON MINING COMPANY has declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE, payable on and after Monday, the 6th day of August next, to Stockholders, as recorded at the close of business on Saturday, the 28th inst. THOS. M. HOWE, Treasurer.
jy2:w86

PITTSBURGH IRON WORKS.
J. PAINTER & SONS.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron Bucket, Tub and Trunk HOOPS AND SHEETS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
jy16:1y39

STREET COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 28th, 1866.
NOTICE TO PLUMBERS AND OTHERS.—Notice is hereby given to all persons who design making openings in any of the streets in this city, that they will be required to give notice of their intention in writing at this office, and the penalty provided by law will be inflicted on all persons making such openings who shall neglect to give due notice of their insertion.
THOMAS McGRAW,
jy2:3t:w9 Street Commissioner.

GENERAL DRAUGHTING OFFICE.
H. P. GENGEMBRE, Civil Engineer, Chemist and Solicitor of Patents, No. 12 St. Clair Street, Post Office Box 688. Residence, 14 Hay street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
jy14:d66

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,
PENNSYLVANIA
IRON WORKS.
Warehouse, Nos. 165 and 167 First street, opposite Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, Pa.
jy16:d40

PITTSBURGH AND OAKLAND GREENHOUSES.
JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,
(Successors to John Murdoch, Jr.,)
NURSERYMEN AND FLORISTS, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
solicit attention to their extensive stock of FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, EVERGREENS, GREEN VINES AND GREENHOUSE PLANTS.
Pittsburgh and Oakland Passenger Cars run to the Greenhouse every 15 minutes.
jy2:w54

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. D. RAMALEY,
336 Liberty Street,
DEALER IN
FINE CLOTHING,
OF
NEW YORK MANUFACTURE,
AND
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
Wholesale and Retail.
Agent for GEO. GRANT'S PRIZE MEDAL and MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS.
Remember the NEW IRON FRONT, opposite Wayne street.
jy27:d75

J. D. RAMALEY,
334 Liberty Street,
FASHIONABLE HATTER
And Dealer in all Kinds of
HATS AND CAPS,
FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN.
The Newest styles always on hand and at the Lowest Prices.
Look out for the FOUR LARGE WINDOWS, opposite Wayne street.
jy27:d75

J. D. RAMALEY,
334 Liberty Street,
Dealer in all kinds of
Boots and Shoes.
Always on hand a large and varied assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Children's
CUSTOM MADE SHOES AND GAITERS,
Of the finest New York Manufacture.
And at Lower Prices than Down Town
Remember the FOUR LARGE WINDOWS, opposite Wayne street.
jy27:d75

THE NEW STAMP DUTIES.
August 1st, 1866.
Published This Day,
For the convenience of
MERCHANTS, BANKERS, BROKERS, CONVEYANCERS, ATTORNEYS, and the public generally,
THE NEW STAMP DUTIES.
MODIFIED BY ACT OF CONGRESS, JULY 13th, TO TAKE EFFECT THIS DAY, IN A NEAT CARD, ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED.
PRICE : : : : : 10 cts.
AGENTS WANTED.
JOHN P. HUNT & CO.,
PUBLISHERS,
59 Fifth St., Masonic Hall.

DAY, McABOY & SPANG,
PROPRIETORS OF
IRON CITY HAME WORKS,
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,
Nos. 45 Wood and 102 and 104 Third St.,
IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN
Saddlery Hardware and Trimming,
And Manufacturers of all varieties of
Superior Wood and Iron Hames.
Wrought Post Rim, King Bolt, Snaffles, Brandoors, Wheel Rim, Mallen Rim, &c., &c. Keep also on hand a full and complete assortment of goods in their line, all of which they offer at as fair prices, and on as good terms as are offered by any house in the trade, EAST OR WEST.
jy27:d81

NEW PATTERNS
ENGLISH BRUSSELS CARPETS.
IMPORTED BY
McFARLAND & COLLINS.
We have now landing in New York, per steamer Manhattan, the first arrival of our importation for FALL TRADE.
CROSBY'S CELEBRATED
Tapestry and Body Brussels Carpets.
We have selected the patterns with great care, expressly for quality, trade, and can offer superior inducements to Dealers, that are not found elsewhere, and the LOWEST WHOLESALE PRICES of the New York and Boston markets.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
jy27 71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET.

LUBRICATING OILS.

TWIN CITY OIL COMPANY,
Office, 204 Penn Street,
F. A. SMITH, Secretary.
MANUFACTURE
Head Light Oil, Boil for Machinery,
Engine Oil No. 1, Oil for Cars,
do do 2, Do for Cars.
Mill Grease.
BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
No. 167 Sm

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c

AT

EATON'S.

JUST RECEIVED, A FULL LINE OF

Buff Lisle Gloves,
Buff Lisle Gloves,
Buff Lisle Gloves
White Lisle Gloves,
White Lisle Gloves.
White Lisle Gloves,

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Ladies' and Misses' Hosiery

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

AT

Wholesale and Retail

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street.

jy27

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

Nos. 78 and 80 Market Street,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Trimmings, Notions,

AND FANCY GOODS,

Have just received the LARGEST and HANDSOMEST stock of YARNS ever brought to this city, to which they call the attention of Storekeepers and Knitters. Our stock consists in part of

Boston, Germantown and Country

YARNS,

In WHITE, BLACK, SCARLET,

SOLFERINO, BROWN, PURPLE,

CLOUDED, DRAPS, MAGENTA,

AMORINE, CHINCHILLA,

BLUE DE LYON,

MEXICAN AND

AZULINE BLUES.

WHOLESALE BUYERS SUPPLIED AT EASTERN PRICES. jy28

SUMMER GOODS AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

19 Fifth Street.

We have now on hand and are opening daily

Fine Traveling Bags,
Sun Umbrellas,
Fine Parasols,
Silk and Linen Furs,
Best Kid Gloves,
Cotton Hosiery,
Fine English Ribbon,
Rich Belting and Buckles,
Berlin Gloves and Lace Mitts,
Eagle Buttons and Gimps,
Rich Guipure Lace,
Embroideries and Laces,

THE "STAR SHIRT," a full assortment just opened.

GAUZE MERINO SHIRTS for summer wear.

BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRTS, all sizes.

Merchants and Dealers

Will find our Wholesale Department well filled with seasonable goods at Lowest Prices.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street,

Our store will be closed daily at 5 P. M., except Saturdays. jy21-gdl

AT

JOS. HORNE & CO's.

SUN-DOWNS, SUNBEAM AND DERBY HATS, MAY QUEEN, DEW DROPS, GIPSIE, DAISIES, CORN FLAG AND RUSSIAN HATS.

CHILD'S STRAW BONNETS in new shapes, Frames, in all the fashionable styles.

RIBBONS, plain, figured and checked, all widths.

FLOWERS, WREATHS, BUDS and ROSES.

STRAW GOODS, TRIMMINGS AND ORNAMENTS.

Millinery Goods.

SWISS, CHECKS, BRILLIANT, NAINSOOKS, TARLATANS, SHIELD MUSLINS, LINENS, and a full assortment of

WHITE GOODS.

REAL AND IM. CHUNY LACE COLLARS, REAL AND IM. VAL. LACE COLLARS, REAL POINTE LACE COLLARS, SETTS and HANDKERCHIEFS, HAMBURG TRIMMING AND FLOUNCING AND CAMBRIC EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS, LINEN COLLARS, CUFFS AND SETTS, various styles.

Puff Illusion, Swiss and French Cambric

Dress Shirts.

PARIS RUFFLINGS AND SHIRTING, COLLARS, SETTS, EDGING, FEELINGS and EMBROIDERY DROPS, SMOKING CAPS, GUIPURE AND EMORY LACE, GALLOONS, FANCY BRAID, BUTTON, BALL AND DROP TRIMMING.

Bead Streamers, Ornaments and Setts.

BUTTONS.

In the choicest styles in BEAD, SILK, FANCY CROCHET, BLACK AND WHITE PEARL, IMPERIAL, JET, BALL, GLASS AND CAMEO plain and painted.

CORSETS, SETTS, COLLARS, HAIR PUFFS AND BRAIDS, CRINOLINE AND CRINOLINE SKIRTS, BELTS, BELTINGS, CLASPS AND BUCKLES, FANS in great variety from palm leaf to ivory, CUMMERBUNDS, for ladies and gents, SHIRT FRONTS, STANDING SHIRT TIES, SUSPENDERS, SPANISH LINEN, SHIRTS, TRAVELING BAGS and SATCHELS, HAIR BRUSHES, COMBS, and a

FULL LINE OF NOTIONS.

ALL AT POPULAR PRICES.

Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.

jel6-tf24

C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON.

ARBUTHNOT, CHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Have just opened a large stock of

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods.

Adapted to the present season's trade, which they offer at the LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.

NEW PRINTS, DELAINES, LAWNS, GINGHAMS, WHITE GOODS, DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS and MANTILLAS, NOTIONS, CORSETS, FARMER'S AND MECHANICS CASSIMERES, JEANS, CLOTHS, LINENS, DRILLS, BLEACHED and BROWN SHEETINGS and SHIRTINGS.

Burlaps, Cotton and Linen Duck, &c.

Merchants are invited to call and examine our stock and prices.

jel6

CARRE, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

No. 94 Wood St.,

(Third house above Diamond Alley,)

je5-tf12 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COAL, COKE, &c.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

No. 667 Liberty Street.

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR,

Are now prepared to furnish good Youghiogheny

LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK.

At the lowest Market price.

☞All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly. my25-b38

CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG,

DEALER IN

Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal

And Manufacturers of

Coal, Slack, and Desulphurized Coke.

OFFICE AND YARD,

Corner of Butler and Morton; first yard on Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward, and on Second street, near Dock No. 1, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Parties as Manufacturers supplied with the best article of Coalfor Coke at the lowest cash rates.

Orders left at any of the yards will receive prompt attention. my25-b26

PAINTERS.

JOHN T. GRAY,

HOUSE AND SIGN

PAINTER, GRAINER AND GLAZIER,

No. 54 Hand St., Pittsburgh.

Plain and Ornamental Signs of every description done to order. All work done promptly at reasonable rates. je5-c67

WILLIAM H. BROWN,

(Late of the firm of BROWN & MORROW.)

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

North-east corner of Third and Market streets,

PITTSBURGH.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1866.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Additional Local Matters on First Page.

The "Whisky Court" in Session—Great Excitement at the Court House.

Yesterday, the 1st of August, was the day fixed for the hearing of one hundred and twenty-four applications for license to keep tavern and sell liquor. Of the applications, forty-four were from the city, twenty-five from Alleghany, eighteen from the surrounding boroughs, and the remainder from the country districts. Judges Mellon and Brown were on the bench. The court-room, rotunda, and vicinity swarmed with parties in interest, comprising a motley group. Inside the bar, carefully guarded by the faithful ajutates, were seated attorries in considerable number. Clerk Herron himself officiated, and was materially assisted by Crier Patterson. Ten names at a time were called, and those responding, by request, arranged themselves in line—the man applying for the privilege of selling liquor on the right, his witnesses on the left—in front of the bar—and were sworn to make true answers to such questions as might be put in the matter in hearing, as they should severally answer at the Great Day. This formula gone through with,

John Smith was called. Responding, his attorney inquired of him: What is the amount of your sales? Answer—One thousand dollars for liquor and ——— hundred dollars for beer. How long have you been licensed? Answer—About ten years. Mr. Jones, do you know this house? Answer—I do. Where is it located? Answer—On Wylie street. Describe it. The house is twelve by thirty-two feet, frame, two rooms on first story, two above, and cellar beneath. It is between Logan and Elm streets. Do you consider it necessary as an eating house, or tavern, for the accommodation of the public? Mr. Jones—I do. I am the landlord. Mr. Brown, (attorney of the witness)—Is it not simply a drinking house, and the eating arrangement a myth? Mr. Jones, (witness)—It is both. This warm weather, people get more dry than hungry, and stop in. Suggestion by the Court—Being on the side of the hill, it would naturally be a dry place. Mr. Brown, (attorney.) Alderman Blackmore, and others residing in the neighborhood, were to be present to resist this application, and would be here but for a press of business. The Court called the next case.

Mr. Simpkins—My sales amount to about $4,000 annually; have had license for four years. Mr. Snob (witness), the house is necessary for the accommodation of the public. The Court—No remonstrance in this case; call the next.

Mr. Lager—I has keept a house dis many year—never refused license till dish last time, and I doesent knows what for. I sells much peer as much as two tousand dollars in one year. No rows, no fights, or oder bad doings goes on in mine house, and when any body does bad I shust kicks him out, as I does not allow it. Dem mens what remonstrate against mine license, they drinks on Sunday morning as well as any oder mans. Mr. Hops (witness)—I think this house a public convenience. Mr. L. is a gentleman of good character, buys his beer from me, and pays his bills. The Court—There is a remonstrance. Mr. Beer (attorney)—Yes, I am of counsel. This place, may it please your Honor, is a low beer hall, located in one of the most rowdy precincts in the city. His beer is a villainous compound, worse than rifled whisky. If he sold beer of a kind that I know is made there would be no trouble. The Court had some reserved points in this case. Called the next.

Mr. Welsh—My sales amount to about $1,000; have had license for two years; house is located on Pennsylvania avenue, between Price and Price streets. Davis Davis, (witness)—The house is well kept; has ample accommodations, and of all others on the avenue, should have license. The Court—Granted.

Mr. Magutre—My license has just expired; sales small; house located in Birmingham. Mr. Sweitzer—Consider the house necessary. The Court—Strong remonstrance, playing cards, dominoes, &c. Went on.

Mr. Swenson—Sales $9,000; have had license for two years; place located on Washington, between Wylie and Pennsylvania avenue. The court—That's sufficient.

Thus it went on during the whole of yesterday—and the end will be not, at least, until this evening. In the hour and a-half that we remained in the "whisky court," we were fully satisfied that the license law, as it is at present, is—not what it should be.

An Old Man Charged with an Indecent Assault on a Widow.

An old man named Hugh Morrison was before Alderman Lynch yesterday, charged with attacking a certain widow lady in Alleghany, named Margaret Fife, with an attempt to ravish her. The deponent has, until recently, occupied a house belonging to the accused, from which she was forcibly ejected on Saturday last. In her deposition, Margaret stated on the first day of last June, Morrison came to her house and made an indecent attack upon her person, threatening to eject her from the premises if she did not comply with his desires. The arrival of a young man named James McMatty prevented the attack from being successful, and nothing further was said about the matter until Morrison carried his threats into execution by placing the household effects of Mrs. Fife into the street on Saturday. During the hearing it was ascertained that Mrs. Fife has been married three times, her last husband having three other wives living, at the time he entered into the matrimonial contract with her. There being no evidence to contradict the statement of the prosecutrix, Morrison was held in $500 to answer the charge at Court.

R. G. Childs, Esq., appeared on behalf of the commonwealth, and Gen. F. H. Collier for the defence.

Pleasant Excursion.

We are assured by persons who were so fortunate to attend, that the late excursion on board the old line of boats up the Monongahela river to Brownsville, was a very pleasant affair. As the party leaving the city were bent upon a charitable mission—to attend the concerts given at Elizabeth and Brownsville for the benefit of worthy objects—Capt. Jacobs sustaining his proverbial generosity, granted a free trip to all participating. The concerts were very ordinary affairs, but little genuine musical talent having displayed by the performers. The large audiences, however, were abundantly satisfied, since the entertainments were given for a charitable purpose. The excursionists returned home at an early hour yesterday morning highly pleased with their trip. They desire us to return their thanks to Lieutenant Gallatin and Franklin steamboats, all of whom did their utmost to render the excursion enjoyable. The excursionists speak in glowing terms of the hospitality of Rev. Mr. Handy, of Brunswick, and Rev. D. Kearney, of Elizabeth, who did much to enliven the trip and render their stay in their beautiful towns most pleasant and agreeable.

Allegheny Postoffice.

We learn from authentic sources that Sami. Riddle, Esq., has resigned his office of Postmaster of Allegheny. His resignation is dated from the 15th of June.

Mr. Riddle has held this office since March, 1861. Under his administration the business of the office has more than quadrupled. We only express what we think, in the universal opinion in our sister city, that Mr. Riddle has conducted the affairs of the Postoffice in a manner most accetable to the citizens, who, in their daily resort to the office, always found him obliging and efficient. Whoever may succeed Mr. Riddle, will find it difficult to fill his place.

The only applicants for the Allegheny Postoffice are Capt. J. D. McGill, Andrew L. Robinson, and Jacob Weaver, Jr.

Little Alice Wentworth.

Little Alice Wentworth, a theatrical cherub of seven summers, and a wonderfully gifted child, has been tendered a grand complimentary benefit by a host of admiring friends. Her theatre goers are unacquainted with little Alice. Her presence upon the stage of the "Old Drury" was at all times the signal for wild and vociferous applause, and her acting has moved the stoutest hearts to tears. She has all the native grace and innocence of childhood, and yet intuitively is the possessor of the rarest histrionic art and abilities, the more marvellous since displayed in one of so tender years. Monday evening has been designated for the benefit, which will take place at Masonic Hall. The sweet little infant actress will be greeted with a overwhelming house, if her friends are duly advised of the occasion. ☞

A Very Respectable Undertaker of this city called our attention to an article in the local column of a cotemporary complaining that the horse cars are detained unreasonably by funeral processions occupying the track, and refusing to leave it when the signal is made. Our friend, the undertaker, assured us, and our own observation accords with his assurance, that funeral processions in carriages always overtake and are never overtaken by the street cars—that the only case in which a car in their rear can be detained is when the funeral is itself detained by a car in advance, and the street so crowded that it cannot be passed. So the story has at least two sides.

Charged with Stealing Shoes.—Christina Metz, the proprietoress of a shoe store on Pennsylvania avenue, appeared before Alderman Lynch, yesterday, and made oath against Edward Owens for the larceny of a pair of ladies gaiters valued at $3,50. Owens was arrested, but was released on giving bail for his appearance at Court.

Not a Pittsburgher.—A few days since we noticed the death of a certain Thomas Welsh, who was killed in a street fight in Kanuck City, Idaho territory. We have since learned that he did not reside in this city, as stated, but in the village of Sewickley, sixteen miles west.

Discharged.—Andrew Jamston was before Alderman Humbert, yesterday, charged with surety of the peace, on oath of Mary Burkhardt. There being no evidence brought forward at the hearing the accused was discharged and Mary ordered to pay the costs.

Fall Traveling.—Martin Kephart, of Huntingdon, who has been a watchman on the Pa. R. R. for the last fourteen years, averaged during that time, 130 miles per week; making a grand total of 94,640 miles traveled. Who can beat it?

Collided.—Engines No. 9 and 12, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, collided near Pollock's foundry, in the Fifth ward, on Tuesday afternoon. Lewis Harvey, the fireman of one of the engines, was severely injured.

Special Caution.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has become so popular that various parties have put out articles calling them Mrs. Winslow's. Please take notice that the Mrs. Winslow of the Soothing Syrup is not connected with any other article. jy11-d&w

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Statement of the Public Debt—A Further Reduction of $27,000,000—The General Pay of Congressmen—Amount Required to Pay Bounties—Government Swindled out of $60,000—Serenade to Lieut Gen. Sherman.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The public debt statement will show a further reduction during the last two months of about twenty-seven millions of dollars. Twenty-three millions of the remaining twenty-six millions of certificates of indebtedness have been redeemed during the last month. The statement also shows that 7-30's are rapidly being converted into 5-20's.

By an official estimate it is ascertained that it will require about fifty millions of dollars to pay the bounties authorized by the recent act of Congress. It is thought that the claims of widows and other heirs of deceased soldiers can be settled with eighteen millions of dollars, and the other class of claims with thirty-two millions.

The act of Congress increasing the pensions of widows and orphans and otherwise materially modifying the pension laws was approved by the President on the 25th of July. An official copy of the act, with instructions and forms, will be issued shortly by Commissioner Barrett.

The joint resolution of Congress exempting army officers' salary from the special internal revenue tax of five per cent., which was passed on the last day of the session, does not provide for the refundment of monies heretofore paid, as is understood by many army officers.

The statement of the public debt will not be published until the third or fourth of August. It is said that it will exhibit a decrease of $27,000,000 in the principal of the debt, as compared with the statement published on the 1st of June. The debt was decreased $15,000,000 during the month of June, and $12,000,000 during the month of July.

The Second Auditor is not yet ready to receive the claims of the heirs of deceased soldiers for bounty under the recent Act of Congress, equalizing the bounties of volunteer soldiers.

The person who so successfully swindled the government out of $50,000 a few days ago, by means of forged requisitions on the Navy Department, it seems, a short time previous, obtained $10,000 in the same way—by forging the name of Paymaster Fairchild.

The extra pay due to each member of Congress, under the provisions of the bill passed the last hours of the session, amounts to $2,500. The Sergeant-at Arms has already collected $17,000 internal revenue tax on this increase of sainty.

Lieut. Gen. W. T. Sherman is at the Ebbett House. A complimentary serenade is to be given this evening.

The reports received from time to time at the Treasury Department show a very gratifying reduction in the amount of smuggling on all our frontiers, and especially on our Northern borders, where the temptations to engage in this illicit traffic are very strong.

The Cholera in New York—An Experimental Line of Elevated Railroad.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The mortuary reports show seven hundred and seventy-one deaths for the week. The number of cholera cases yesterday was twenty, of which seven died.

In Brooklyn the epidemic continues to increase slowly. There were sixteen cases and two deaths yesterday. On the Island a further increase of cholera is reported.

The Boards of Aldermen and Councilmen have granted the privilege, to the Westside and Yonkers Railroad Company, to build an experimental line of elevated railroad, in Greenwich street, to be extended, if successful, through different parts of the city and Westchester county. The Company is to pay quarterly into the treasury five per cent of its gross earning as regards city business for this privilege, and must deposit bonds to the amount of $500,000 for the faithful performance of their contract.

A suit has been brought by Gen. Santa Anna in the Supreme Court against Abram Baird and Darieo Mazura, for alleged frauds practiced upon him in chartering by defendants of the steamer Georgia, which vessel brought the General and staff to this country from St. Thomas.

The Philadelphia Convention—Letter from Gov. Brown, of Georgia.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—The following letter from Gov. Brown, of Georgia, is printed in the *World*:

ATLANTA, GA., July 25, 1866.—*Dear Sir*:—I am satisfied it would be better for all who occupied the position I did, to remain at home at present, and send others who have been regarded more conservative and better Union men. This I think would be more acceptable to the people of the South, and therefore the best policy. I feel conscious that I, and others who have occupied prominent positions, are now as loyal to the Government as any other citizens, and this is not the general opinion of the North. Entertaining these views, I shall not consent to be a delegate, but I shall heartily support the movement and the delegates appointed.

As ever, your friend,
JOSEPH E. BROWN.

From Mexico—Maximilian Reorganizing His Army—Attack Upon Jalapa.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The *Herald's* City of Mexico correspondent, writing under date of July 20th, 1866, says: "The re-organization of Maximilian's army appears to be progressing finely. A great rush is being made on the American Consuls by American citizens for their nationality papers, on account of the impending draft.

No new military operations had taken place since the fall of Monterey, except the attack upon Jalapa, which was going on when our dispatch sailed.

A New York company of capitalists had purchased the Vera Cruz railroad grant, and engineers are already at work.

Shellabarger Renominated for Congress.

CINCINNATI, August 1.—Mr. Shellabarger was renominated for Congress yesterday, by the Republican Convention of the Seventh District.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

To the Tax Payers of the City of Pittsburgh.

THE CITY TREASURER is now ready to receive all taxes payable at this office, No. 119 Fourth street, subject to a reduction of FIVE PER CENT. if paid on or before the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST NEXT.

The Water Rents and Licenses are due and must be paid before the FIRST DAY OF JULY NEXT, in order to save cost and exemption of suit before an Alderman.

je14-d3 WM. EICHBAUM, Treasurer.

NOTICE.

THE REMAINING PART of the large property for sale land out in Boyd Allen's plan of lots, will be sold in lots or by the acre, suitable for gardening purposes or for city residences. Apply to JOHN D. HAILEY, Real Estate Agent, Fifth street, corner of Diamond and Cherry street, or to H. Boyd ALLEN, on the property, at Lower St. Clair Hotel. my17-3m

MERCHANT TAILORS.

SUMMER CLOTHING

FOR BOYS,

YOUTHS, and

CHILDREN.

A good variety of all the summer styles, at moderate prices, by

GRAY & LOGAN,

47 St. Clair Street.

jy16

HENRY C. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Northwest Corner of Penn & St. Clair Sts.

Desires to return thanks to his friends and the public generally for their liberal patronage, and would respectfully inform them that he has just returned from the Eastern Markets with a large and well selected stock of

FINE WOOLEN GOODS,

Peculiarly adapted to GENTLEMEN'S SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR. je9

GEO. S. SOUTH.....JOHN ROSS.

JOHN ROSS & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

WM. N. OGDEN & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Carbon Oil Lamps and Fixtures,

CHANDELIERS, CARBON OILS, &C.

No. 64 Market Street.

my19-y79-d&wT PITTSBURGH, PA.

STEPHEN M. OTT,

GENERAL

Die Sinker, Seal and Medal Engraver,

STENCIL, BRAND AND STEEL LETTER CUTTER,

SUPERIOR SEAL PRESSES,

Cancelling Stamps and Visiting Cards,

Also, PLATES FOR MARKING CLOTHING,

93 Wood St., Cor. Diamond Alley,

(ABOVE DAVIS' BOOK STORE,)

fe23-tf PITTSBURGH.

FURNITURE

AND

CANE AND WOOD CHAIRS,

Manufactured and for sale,

Wholesale or Retail.

JAMES W. WOODWELL,

NOS. 97 & 99 THIRD STREET,

Opposite E. Edmundson & Co.'s, and

mh1 NO. FOURTH STREET.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.

MORELAND & MITCHELL,

Nos. 425 & 427 Liberty Street.

The very best HORSES, CARRIAGES and BUGGIES kept for hire at all times. The finest HEARSES in the city. Funerals, &c., attended to on short notice in the best manner.

Persons wishing to engage anything in our line can rely upon being turned out in the best style, as the proprietors give their personal attention to the business. jy7-tf69

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ THE QUEEN! THE QUEEN!

THE QUEEN OF

HAIR RESTORERS!

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER is QUEEN, not only in name, but in TRUTH, is the Best Hair Restorer ever offered to the Public.

An infallible RESTORER and PRESERVER of the Hair if faithfully applied.

It is no Hair Dye.

It acts directly upon the roots of the hair changing grey hair to its original life color; arresting premature decay and falling out of the hair; eradicating scurf and dandruff; and curing all humors of the scalp.

It will change dry and wiry hair to soft and luxuriant tresses.

It imparts a delightful fragrance to the hair.

In short, if you wish to restore your hair, as in youth, and retain it through life, use

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER.

Price $1 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists,

R. E. SELLERS & CO.,

Wholesale Agents.

my30-1y

☞ WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of

BOILERS, PIPE

best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BREECHING, PLATE RODS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON, BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS; and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. je5-c41

☞ LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS,

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPELTER SOLDER. Also, importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES and TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 16, FIRST and 125 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14-3m&d&wT

☞ PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS,

HUBBARD, BRO. & CO., Manufacturers of PATENT CIRCULAR SAWS, warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Butcher, Cross-Cut, Gang, and all other varieties.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Sheet Cast-Steel; Extra Refined REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c.

☞ Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and STOCKTON STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. je5-c41

☞ ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY STEAM ENGINES, HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE, MILL MACHINERY, GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS of all descriptions, OIL TANKS and STILLS, BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK.

☞ Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers.

☞ JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,

Manufacturers of IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, IRON RAILING, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 86 SECOND and 86 THIRD STREET, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

☞ Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. mh9-1y

☞ MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY,

an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, with means of sure relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. my23-b3-d&wT

POLITICAL.

☞ CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

22d DISTRICT.

The UNION REPUBLICAN VOTERS of the 22d Congressional District are requested to meet at the usual places of holding elections in the various Wards, Boroughs and Townships, in said District,

On Saturday, August 11th,

And elect two delegates from each election district, to meet in County Convention on TUESDAY, August 14th, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for Congress.

The primary elections in the townships will be held between the hours of four and six o'clock, and in the wards and boroughs between the hours of four and seven o'clock P. M. In the wards and boroughs the elections shall be by ballot, and in the townships by marking or by ballot.

By order of the Committee.

W. J. GILMORE, Chairman.

WM. ANDERSON, } Secretaries.
H. W. PATTERSON, }

☞ CONGRESS, 22d DISTRICT.

HON. J. K. MOORHEAD

Having place I himself at the disposal of his friends, in response to their call made on him, his name is now presented by them as a candidate for nomination for Congress, for the 22d District, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap7tc

☞ CONGRESS.

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

Is a Candidate in the 22d District.

mh9-tf

☞ CONGRESS.—The friends of

HON. JOHN P. PENNEY

Will present his name to the Convention of the Union party, for nomination as a candidate for Congress in the 22d District. mh18-tc

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

RICHARD E. BREED,

IMPORTER,

No. 100 Wood Street.

BRITANNIA AND SILVER PLATED TABLE WARE, TEA TRAYS AND TABLE CUTLERY, always on hand.

CHINA TEA SETS,
CHINA DINNER SETS,
CHINA TOILET SETS,
CHINA VASES,
CHINA SPITTOONS,
BOHEMIAN AND OTHER DESCRIPTION LAVA CARD BASKETS,
LAVA VASES,
LAVA SPITTOONS.

ENGLISH STONE WARE of all varieties, to suit wholesale and retail trade.

The largest and most complete stock of everything in this line in the city.

Prices and terms the same as in the eastern cities. my17-3m

J. W. JOHNSTON.....JAS. SCOTT.

JOHNSTON & SCOTT,

DEALERS IN

Fine Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

SILVER-PLATED WARE, ETC.,

No. 274 LIBERTY STREET,

Pittsburgh, Penna.

☞ Particular attention given to Repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. All work warranted. se5-1y

SUPERIOR OAK TANNED, PATENT STRETCHED AND RIVETED

LEATHER BELTING AND HOSE,

Manufactured at No. 58 SMITHFIELD ST., by

HARTLEY, PHELPS & CO.

Also, Agents for New York Rubber Co.

Gum Belting.

Always on hand, a superior quality of LACE LEATHER and GUM HYDRANT HOSE, COPPER RIVETS and BURS, BELT HOOKS, etc. jlo-tf

REMOVAL.

160. *Smithfield Street.* 160.

JOHN ZWEIDINGER,

Formerly of 80 FIFTH STREET, has removed to

No. 160 Smithfield Street,

Two doors above Sixth street, where he has an excellent stock of

Pianos, Melodeons, Organs,

And all kinds of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS and STRINGS. ☞ Musical Instruments repaired with neatness and dispatch. jy16-1y

S. S. BRYAN, Broker in Stocks,

BONDS AND REAL ESTATE, 57 FOURTH STREET, (Burke's Building,) buys and sells on Commission BANK, RAILROAD, INSURANCE, PETROLEUM STOCKS, and GOVERNMENT, MUNICIPAL, RAILROAD AND OTHER BONDS. Orders executed by telegraph at the NEW YORK and PHILADELPHIA STOCK BOARDS at the rates of commission current in those cities. je16

MONEY LOAN OFFICE, NO. 151 SMITHFIELD STREET, corner of Sixth, Pittsburgh.

Money Loaned on Silver Plates, Guns, Pistols, Diamonds, Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches, Clothing, and valuable articles of every description. The goods cannot be delivered without a ticket. Not accountable in case of fire or robbery.

Goods of every description for sale at lowest prices. [je14-d20] EMANUEL DE ROY.

SCREWLESS

SHUTTER HINGES,

Cheap and strong, and easier put on than any other hinges in use; at

JOSEPH WOODWELL & CO.,

Corner Wood and Second sts., Pittsburgh,

AGENTS FOR FAIRBANKS' SCALES.

ly21-d&wT

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Pittsburgh, Pa., July 2, 1866.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, notice is hereby given that the

ADDITIONAL STOCK

authorized shall, until further notice, be assigned to subscribers at the rate of SIXTY-SIX DOLLARS per each share.

jy14-lm5d&w E. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE

COAL MINES FOR SALE.

The valuable coal mines owned by the Southern Coal Mining Company, situated in Shelby county, Ala., twelve miles from the railroad at Montevallo, and one mile from the North and South Railroad depot of a branch road to the Red Mountain Coal Mines, are now offered for sale.

These mines have been in successful operation for some years, are situated in the heart of the mineral region of the state, and are only sixty-five miles by rail from Selma, from whence there is water transportation to the Gulf.

There is not in the United States a better opportunity for a safe and profitable investment in the Coal business.

TERMS OF SALE.

One half cash, and the balance at the expiration of six months, without interest; or, one-third cash and the balance, in equal monthly payments, without interest.

G. M. McCONNICO,

Address of R. O. Edwards. jy21

FOR SALE.—The following described property will be offered at private sale for a short time:

1st.—A LOT OF GROUND thirty feet front on First street, near Wood, and running back towards Water street eighty feet, (being part of lot 185 in the general plan of Pittsburgh,) together with a THREE STORY BRICK WAREHOUSE thereon.

2d.—FIFTY ACRES OF LAND at the head of Brunot's Island, in McClure township. Will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

3d.—ELEVEN LOTS OF GROUND on Manchester, being Lots Nos. 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, in the plan of Manchester, on Chartiers street, Adams street and Washington street.

4th.—LOT No. 29 in James Adams' plan of the Northern Liberties, situated at the south-east corner of Adams and Quarry streets, and being fifty feet front on Quarry by about two hundred and ninety feet in depth.

The above described property will be sold at reasonable prices, and on easy terms. Title indisputable. For further information apply to

or his attorneys, S. A. & A. W. BROWNING, jy30-f28 116 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

MANSFIELD LOTS

FOR SALE.

FIFTY VERY DESIRABLE LOTS adjoining the village of Mansfield, on Chartiers Creek, will be offered at Public Sale on SATURDAY, August 4th, at 11 o'clock A. M. Title perfect. For lots range from one acre and less to ordinary sized building lots. Liberal terms given.

Persons in the city wishing to attend the sale will take the Mansfield Accommodation train, leaving the Union Depot at 10 A. M. and get off at "Cemetery Crossing," running from which they will stop at this Station at 12:30 and 5 P. M.

For further information, enquire of

J. L. MARSHALL,

jy31-d3 139 LIBERTY STREET.

FOR SALE.

Allegheny Building Lots.

Several good lots at or near the corner of Ridge and Walker Streets, a short distance below Allegheny avenue.

These lots will commend themselves to persons seeking a high and cleanly locality, perfectly retired, and yet easy of access by either the lines of horse railway running to Manchester.

Apply to

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,

au1 57 Fourth st., (Burke's Building.)

FOR SALE.—We offer for sale the Valuable Lot of Ground

Occupied by the undersigned, containing ——— acres, situate on the Allegheny river, at the foot of Taylor street, Pitt township, just outside the city limits. Has a river frontage of 265 feet, good landing, with the right of filling for all purposes. Sufficient fast land from low water mark, which would make about four acres of ground. Iron Works, Steel Works, Foundries, Saw Mill or other manufacturing purposes, cannot be excelled. Terms made satisfactory. Will also offer for sale a large lot of brick, damaged shafting, pulleys, hangers, engine boilers, machinery, burnt loops, &c.

GUTHRIE & SILL,

On the premises, foot of Taylor street, jy25-gdc Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.

CHEAP BUILDING LOTS,

In Pitt township, located on Pennsylvania avenue, Soho, Beelen, Commerce and Graham streets.

These lots are within a mile and a quarter of the Court House. Price, from $60 to $500

McMASTER, GAZZAM & BUTTERFIELD,

Attorneys, 98 Grant street,

jy20 PITTSBURGH.

FOR SALE.

A FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS STAND.

The Stock, Fixtures, Good Will, Store House, Dwelling and large Lot for Sale very cheap, cash sales $5,000 a month. Possession given immediately.

Six small Houses and Lots, very cheap.

Several Lots at Edgeworth station, from one to five acres in each.

Apply to

JAMES T. SAMPLE,

Real Estate Broker and Insurance Agent.

je8 No. 88 Federal street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE.—A Farm of about 25 acres, opposite Fox Chapel Station, North Western R. R., 9 miles from Pittsburgh; about 10 acres cleared; balance good timber land in varieties; 25 acres of Orchard, in full bearing; a frame dwelling of four rooms; good spring of water, 90 fruit trees of varieties of fruit; is a splendid place for a truck yard.

Also, a lot 99 by 191 feet, on Peebles street, in Wilkins township, Allegheny county. Will be sold cheap. For terms, &c., apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of

G. S. SATES,

jel6 Butler street, Lawrenceville.

FOR SALE—One of the most beautiful locations for a country residence in the county, situated 2 miles from the city, on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, with a station at the door. It contains 8 acres, the upper half rising ground shaded with forest trees; the remainder sloping to the railroad. The place is well watered with two never-failing springs of water, with sufficient fall to force water to a height of 30 feet.

JOHN D. HAILEY,

Stock and Real Estate Agent,

jy23 No. 102 Fourth street.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—A Farm, containing about 150 acres, near the Six Mile Ferry, on the Monongahela river, on which is erected a two-story Brick Mansion House and barn, and other out-buildings. Also, several other farms, well located in Allegheny and Washington counties, containing from 100 to 226 acres. Coal on the Farms for sale on the Southern Pacific railroad and Monongahela river. For further particulars, enquire of

WILLIAM WARD,

(Opposite the Cathedral.)

jel9-d30 No. 10 Grant street.

A SMALL FARM FOR SALE, with immediate possession. 18½ acres of land, 3½ miles from Allegheny City, with a good log house, well

PH. R. MERTZ,

Banker and Broker,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.

London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.

Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

WEDNESDAY, August 1, 1866.

Gold sold in New York to-day at 148¾@148¾; 1881s, 108¾; old 5-20s, 108¾; new ditto, 107⅛@107¼; 10-40s, 98⅝; 7-30s, 104¼. In this market brokers are paying about 147 for gold; 138 for Silver; 109 for 1881s; 107¾ for old 5-20s; 105½ for new ditto; 103¾ for 7-30s; and 98¼ for 10-40s.

—The most reliable advices from Washington induces the calculation that from fifty to seventy-five millions of dollars will in the end be required to satisfy the bounties authorized to be paid under the law passed on the last day of the session of Congress.

—The funding bill of Mr. Sherman, after being shorn of its original purpose to create a uniform consolidated stock, was finally laid over, and the Secretary of the Treasury left free to proceed, under his present authority, with the gradual conversion of the 6 per cents. of the United States Five Twenties of 1865, when he or his successors will be able to consolidate into a 5 per cent stock after the year 1870, although the American or foreign markets then invite a lower rate of interest than the 5-20s now bear.

—The following comparative statement shows the average condition of the leading items of the Philadelphia Banks for the past and previous week:

	Last week.	This week.	
Capital	$16,642,150	$16,642,150	
Loans	49,060,316	48,985,676	Dec. $74,249
Specie	849,770	820,096	Dec. 29,674
Legal-tend'rs	21,312,564	20,992,376	Dec. 320,188
Deposits	37,775,360	37,270,885	Dec. 504,475
Circulation	9,477,363	9,482,473	Inc. 5,110

The bank movement last week was unusually even one. The most marked change was in legal-tender notes, which showed a decrease of $320,188. The deposits decreased in nearly a like sum. The loans and the specie also fell off slightly.

—The only tariff measure adopted by Congress prior to its adjournment is an "act to protect the revenue and for other purposes." The first section raises the duty of cotton from abroad from two cents to three cents a pound, (the correspondent in the existing internal tax on our own cotton. It also raises the duty on Havana and other foreign cigars to three dollars a pound (net weight) and fifty per cent ad valorem on the foreign invoice value, *and port and shipping charges and freight and commissions added.* The same increase by the ninth section of the act is added to all foreign importations, where the duties are made on the *ad valorem*, or specific and *ad valorem* united. The act also levies additional duties equal to the internal tax on spirits, on "compounds or preparations of which distilled spirits is a component part of chief value." The act also facilitates the transit of foreign goods landed at Portland, Boston or New York, do timed for the British Provinces. And it establishes a bureau of trade and commercial statistics in the Treasury Department.

The act goes into effect Wednesday, August 1. All goods in bond or on ship board upon which the customs are paid to-day will not be subject to the new adjustment of values provided for in the above quoted ninth section. *After Tuesday*, July 31, the provision *will* apply to all goods, wares and merchandise, whether in bond or to arrive, except such articles as are taxed exclusively with specific rates of duty.

—The New York *Tribune* says:

The disposition with money-lenders is to make short engagements at low interest, and money at call promises to rule low during the next four months. Congress has adjourned without taking an important step toward reducing the volume of the currency, and the effect of this neglect will be soon apparent in the form of speculations of all kinds. A part of the advance of this morning is to be attributed to the European news, but the chief element of strength in stocks is to be found in the certainty of cheap money and crops enough to give the railroads large earnings and the resulting confidence of the public.

New York Stocks and Money Market.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The money market remains in the same easy position, and the supply of capital is superabundant. Prime discounts range from 5@6 per cent. The gold market closed up at 14⅝. The conversion of 7-30 notes into 5-20 bonds is still going on at the Sub-Treasury, and already cons derable amounts have been converted. The market for Exchange is quiet and steady. Bankers' bills are quoted at 108¾ for sixty days. The Government securities have been quite steady all day, with a fair business doing; Coupons of 1881, 109¾@109¾; 5-20 do of 1865, 105¾@106; 10-40 Coupons, 98¾; July 7-30s, 104¼@104¾.

The stock market was strong at the last open board on railways, and prices were better in some instances. The rise throughout the day has been quite sharp, both on the Northern and Western roads, while there has been a material increase in the volume of business. There was considerable excitement at times on Cumberland, especially Illinois Central, Ohio Central, Pittsburgh, Rock Island and the northwest shares. The rise to-day did not bring out a large amount of any one stock, which shows that the railways are very strongly held.

The *Commercial's* money article says the stock market was active at the last morning board, and with one or two exceptions, the Railroad List was ¼ per cent higher. Erie was easier, and ½ per cent lower. Hudson River advanced to 124, and Northern Ohio to 44. Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 88¾. North-western is still firm. Preferred stock closed at 86@86¾, and common at 50@50¾. Government quiet and steady. The issue of 1865 is ⅛ higher. 5s on thirties, second series, improved. No quotations by the cable to-day, which has also kept transactions in Governments in suspense. To-day an offer was submitted by private parties to the stock exchange and sold some to supply quotations at the rate of ½ per month, but was declined. It would seem impossible that information of such importance should be a matter of private monopoly, and there can be but little doubt that arrangements will be made by which, at a moderate subscription, the information will be accessible to all.

The money market retains its extreme ease. The banks meet the applications for call loans at five per cent., but lend in some cases in round amount four per cent. Bank currency is offered flat for six days. Discounts are very dull. There is a great scarcity of bills at the present rate. Paper ranges at 7@8 per cent., 6 per cent. being the ruling rate. Foreign exchange nominal, as usual, on Wednesday. Bankers' prime sterling, sixty days, is quoted at 109@109¼; sight, 109¾@110; Banker's prime francs, 5.25¼@5.19¾. Gold looks firmer. The shorts are less increased during the last few days, and gold is becoming scarcer for delivery.

Stocks strong; Coupons, 5-20s, 1865, 106¼; do. 1864, 106; do. 1865, 105¾; 10-40's coupons, 99; Treasury 7-30's, first series, 104¾; second series, 104¾; third series, 104¾; Ohio 6's, 1886, 107¾; certificates, 98¾; Cumberland Coal, 47; Western Union Telegraph, 55¾; New York Central, 141¾; Erie, 68¾; Hudson River, 124; Reading, 101; Michigan Southern, 87½; Illinois Central, 125; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 88¾; Chicago & North Western, 37¾; do. preferred, 67¾; Cleveland & Toledo, 116; Rock Island, 103; Toledo, Wabash & Western, 39; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 108½; Chicago & Alton, 109; Milwaukie & St. Paul, preferred, 73; Gold, 7.

The *Post's* money article says: The loan market is unchanged. The stock market opens strong; Governments are firm; Railroad shares are active. State stocks are active; Railroad bonds firm, without much inquiry after the boards. Quotations were: New York Central, 104½; Erie, 67⅝; Hudson River, 124; Michigan Central, 114½; Michigan Southern, 87½; Illinois Central, 125; Rhode Island, 121¾.

The Wheat Crop and Harvest in Michigan.

The very full reports which we daily receive from our State correspondents concerning the condition of the crops and the progress of harvesting, have doubtless been noticed by our readers. The yield is proving unexpectedly good. Two months since there was much croaking, but to-day a different tone is being sung. In fields that then looked thin and invited the plough of the farmer preparatory for spring and more profitable crops, the plants have stooled out finely and promise a prolific yield. The quantity may not be fully up to more favored seasons, but the quantity never has been surpassed. Our farmers, too, have been thus far favored with good harvesting weather, and throughout the southern and central portions of our State the crop is well secured. Another week will quite finish the story in the good old section, where the quantity and quality both have never been surpassed, and all hands can then unite heartily and happily in singing "Harvest Home."—*Detroit Advertiser*, 26th.

Chicago Cattle Market.

CHICAGO, July 31.—The fresh receipts of beef cattle to-day at the Union Stock Yards are 970 head. Each reserved sales, 300 head, at prices ranging from $4.50@5.20 for common cows and heifers; $5.70@6.25 for fair stock steers and oxen and from $7@7.70 for fair to good shipping beeves.

The market is characterized with a fair degree of activity for good fat cows and steers, and for which an advance of 10@15 per 100 lbs has been paid on the ruling prices of Saturday last. The demand for thin and common cattle is limited, and the market for this kind of stock is dull. Shippers are not purchasing to any extent, owing to the limited offerings and the poor lots of weeders. Reserves in pens, 1,200 head. Sales of good grades have taken place. We quote the market, at the close, quiet.—*Journal.*

Butter in New York.

NEW YORK, July 31.—The market has continued dull and heavy during the week, and prices are in favor of the buyer. The arrivals have not been unusually large, but as we have at last stepped into the regular local demand, the stock is accumulating. Extra dairy yet pails very little state goes over 38c, and a good quality of western can be had for 30@35c. Some lots of western reserve is no doubt eligible, but few lots realize more than 32@33c. Double as a general thing anticipa e very little change for the next two or three weeks, but should fall enough to guarantee arriving a proposition in prince to looked for.

Cincinnati Provision Market.

CINCINNATI, July 31.—There has been no session of the Board of Trade during the week. The demand is only moderate, as the packers are buying with reference to immediate wants. Prices have not undergone any change. Pork is quoted at $25@25.50 per 100 lbs, and sought for No. 1 Tennessee. Cold meats is selling at 14@15c per lb. Car-wheel iron is quoted at $60. Manufacturing iron is strong and steady. We quote common to medium at 6½c per lb. Shoes are steady at 8@9½ for Sugars, and 8@9½ for middlings, buyer's extra.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, August 1, 1866.

There is no improvement to note in the tone of the general markets, nor is there likely to be for some time to come. The demand for all of the leading commodities is very much restricted, while values have undergone no essential change.

GRAIN—Wheat is dull and nominally unchanged; sale of 50 bush prime old Mediterranean at $2.30, and 1 car Northwestern on private terms. Oats more active but unchanged; sale of 1 car fair Ohio at 49½; 1 car prime do at 52; 500 bush do from store, in lots, at 55@56, and 300 bush No 1 Chicago, in elevator, at 66. Corn is dull; sale of 300 bush prime at 78. No movement in Rye or Barley.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firm but unchanged at 17¾ to 17½ for Shoulders; 19½ @20 for Ribbed Sides; 23 for Plain Hams and 25@26 for Sugar Cured do. Lard is dull at 20@21 for country and 21@22 for city. Mess Pork is still quoted at $33.50, and Dried Beef at 27@28.

FLOUR—Continues quiet and dull, with a drooping tendency, though as yet, prices have undergone no change. Sales from store at $10 to $10.50 for Spring Wheat, $11.25 to $11.50 for half Spring and half Winter, and $12 to $12.50 for all Winter. Rye Flour is quoted at $6.50, and Cornmeal at $4.

MILLFEED—More active but unchanged; sale of 5 tons Bran at $20, 5 tons Shipstuff at $1.30, and 10 tons Seconds at $1.25. Middlings may be quoted at $1.40 to $1.60, as to quality.

ASHES—Sale of 10 tons Soluash at 6, and 5 tons Pearls at 15.

EGGS—Dull but unchanged, with a supply in excess of the demand—quoted

Continues in good supply and dull at 18@18 for Western Reserve, 19@.7 for Hamburg.

WOOL—Unchanged; sale of 500 pigs at 40, and 100 do at 42.

HAY—Is quiet and unchanged at $20 to $25 per ton occasionally a load of very prime Timothy sells at $25.

APPLES—Prime ripe Apples in good condition, are in good demand at $4 to $5 per bbl., while common unripe fruit will hardly sell at any price.

OIL.—No. 1 Lard is quoted at $1.75.

SOLOSHUM—Dull and nominal.

FLAXSEED—Is in demand at $3.

HOMINY—Dull at 3½ to 4 cts.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, August 1, 1866.

CRUDE—There was again quite a spirited demand for Crude to-day, on the spot as well as for future delivery, and notwithstanding an advance was offered, holders refused to sell, anticipating that by holding back they will be enabled to realize still better prices. On the spot, 13 cents was freely offered, and 14 to 14¼ for September and October. It is reported that there was a sale on Tuesday for September delivery at 15 cents, but we cannot vouch for the correctness of this report, not being able to find either buyer or seller. The stock of oil in this market at present is very much reduced, and there is less in the hands of speculators than generally supposed. We can report a sale of 600 bbls at 13, bbls returned; also, 1000 bbls of Western Virginia oil, at Parkersburg to be delivered in Baltimore, at 15 cents, bbls returned.

REFINED—There was again considerable excitement in the market for bonded oil, on the spot as well as for future delivery, and a still further advance has been established. We can report sales of 100 bbls for August delivery in Philadelphia, at 41; 500 for September at 35, on cars here; 500 for November, at 38, on board cars here, and 1000 bbls for December, at 45, delivered in Philadelphia. There is again some inquiry from the west on speculation, and one of the above lots was sold to Chicago parties. This, as a matter of course, has its effect, and as there is but little oil offering, the market, for the present at least, rules in favor of holders, but how long it will continue this, it is impossible to conjecture. In free oil, there is no movement to speak of, but prime city brands are held at an advance.

ARRIVALS.—The arrivals of oil by the Allegheny river since our last report, were as follows:

Fisher & Bro	500	Jas. Wilkins	198
Jos. Gallagher	74	Brewer & Burke	194
John Benn	68	Jas. Baxter	291
Total			1324

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, August 1.—Cotton without decided change; 46c for middling uplands. Flour dull and 10 to 20c lower; $6.80@8.25 for extra state; $8.20@8.60 for extra R. H. O., and $9.65@10.50 for trade brands, closing heavy. Wheat quiet and nominal. Receipts of 22,602 bush. of wheat; very little and common description 2 to 4 lower, prices No. 1 Milwaukie in lots, at $2.05@2.08. Rye more heavy; sales of 4,000 bush at 82@83c for western. Barley and barley malt dull and nominal. Receipts of 39,000 bush. coarse lower and sales of 16,000 bush at 81@82c for unsound; 84@85 for sound shipping mixed western, closing at the outside rate. No sales of western yellow. Receipts of 105,000 bush. of oats; sales of 35,000 bush at the close for Chicago; 69@70c for Milwaukee, and 68@69c for Iowa. Coffee firm, but quiet. Sugar still dull, 12@12c. Petroleum firm, at 50@51c for crude, and 39@40c for refined in bond. Pork opened firm but closed heavy, at $33.62@33.81 for new lines, closed at $33.75 for regular; $30 for old; do. $27@27.75 for prime. Total stock of old and new of August 1st, 78,734 bbls; same date last month 58,209 bbls., and same date last year, 55,029 bbls. Beef steady, at 15@16c for new plain mess, and 24@25c for new extra mess. Total stock of old and new of August 1st, 12,750 packages; same time last month, 10,678 packages. Beef hams nominal. Cut meats firm; sales of 320 packages, at 11 @12c for shoulders, and 19@20c for hams. Bacon dull. Lard firmer, at 18½@20c. Butter quiet, at 20@35c, and 24@40c for state. Cheese dull, at 6@13c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The following are the jobbers' prices: Market rather more active. Brown Sheetings—Amoskeag, ¼, width 36 inch, 15; 36, 15; 40, 16; Augusta, 7/8, do 30, 15; Broadway, 3, 62½; Corset Jeans—Bates, 15; Lancaster, 21; Naumkeag, 21@26½; Pepperell, 25; Washington Satin, 36; Canbrics—Manville, 44; Portland, 11½; Victory, 14½; Washington, 15@16. Sheeting and Shirting, bleached—Androscoggin, 45; Bedford, 36, 32½; Amoskeag, 36, 32½; Anthony Manufacturing Company, 36, 27½; Bartletts, 36, 30; do 33, 24; do 30, 22½; Bates XX, 36, 35; do BB, 36, 29. Denims—Amoskeag, ¼ and one of two colors, 20; Manufacturing Company, 27½; Manchester, 32½; Massachusetts, 35.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Flour quiet. Wheat dull at $1.40@1.41 for No. 1, and 92c for No. 2. Corn quiet at 57c for No. 1, and 56@56c for No. 2 Oats quiet at 27½@28c for No. 1, and 25@25c for No. 2. High wines quiet. Mess Pork, $32.25. Freights dull; Corn, 9c to Buffalo. Receipts; 5,000 barrels Flour; 3,200 bushels Wheat; 23,000 bushels Corn; 19,000 bushels Oats. Shipments; 2,000 barrels Flour; 132,000 bushels Wheat; 132,000 bushels Corn; 40,000 bushels Oats.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, August 1.—Flour quiet; extra state, $9.50@9.75; western amber, $11.15@12.00; new white wheat St. Louis, $14.00. Wheat inactive, held No. 1 Milwaukee, by boat load, at $2.30; boat load, $1.90. Corn dull; sales 16,000 bus No. 1 at 68c. Oats lower; sales 15,000 bus. No. 1 Chicago, 35c; 7,500 bus. do at 37c; Wisconsin held at 42@43c. Barley and Rye dull. Lard 20@21c. Whiskey nominal at $2.28.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, August 1.—Flour steady. No. 1 spring at $9.30; red winter slightly lower, at $9.25; double extra at $13@14. Wheat dull but unchanged; sales early of small lots of prime white Canada at 2.30 for No. 1. Milwaukee club, $1.90. The corn market closes lower; No. 1 Illinois at 74½c. Oats and Rye quiet. Canal Freights lower; corn 5c to New York.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, Augu t 1.—Flour is firm at $7.75@8.50 for extra, and $12 for double extra. Wheat is lower at $1.92@2.02 for prime, and $2.10@2.15 for choice. Corn delivered, mixed and yellow, at 66@70, and white at 68@70. Oats lower, at 35@37. Provisions unchanged. Whisky has advanced to $2.22.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, Aug. 1.—Flour quiet. Wheat, grades firm and advancing. Corn declining; sales, amber, early of 76, $2.06@2.07; do, crop of '65, $2.12½; amber do, $2.33; No. 2 white Wabash, new crop. Corn less active, and 1c lower, 65c. Mixed oats, No. 2, 40c.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, August 1.—Cotton; sales of 1,000 bales; market unchanged; to-day's receipts 71 bales. Sugar, fair, 14c. Freights to New York, 9-16; Liverpool, 9-16; Havre, 1¼ sterling, 62c.

Milwaukie Market.

MILWAUKIE, August 1.—Flour dull. Wheat 2c lower; sales of No. 1 at $1.90. Corn and Oats 1c lower.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. August 1—43 tcs hams, F Sellers & co; 1 car lumber, L Langham; 1 car barley, Spencer & McKay; 1 bbl eggs, W J Steel & Bro; 200 pigs lead, J B Canfield; 300 bbls flour, W Linhart; 2 cars metal, J Wood & sons; 100 flour, Culp & Shepard; 100 do do, T C Jenkins; 134 indes, G O Hollstott; 25 doz brooms, E Heazelton; 1 bbl saltfish, Speyer & co; 5 bbls eggs, H Rea; 1 bbl oil, J J Bender; 4 cars metal, Nimick & co; 2 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 410 bgs sunflseed, J Glenn; 4 cars staves, McCreight, Cushman & co; 10 tcs hams, 100 do lard, F Sellers & co; 1 hhd tobacco, M Hey; 5 pkgs do, J Megraw; 2 do do J Grazier; 17 sks rags, Pitts Paper Co; 4 sacks wool, Neal & Grundy; 10 pkgs pearl barley, Little, Baird & Patton; 5 do do, Shields & Boucher; 4 do do, P Goodell; 5 do do, A C Whitehead.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAIL ROAD.—August 1—1 car oats, W D Patterson; 1 do do, Ammon & Scott; 2 cars rye, Dan Wallace; 100 bbls lime, Campbell & Jones; 12 tons scrap steel, C G Hussey & co; 1 car shafts, J Rhodes; 1 car lumber, Milliager & Bidwell; 13 bales hops, John White jr; 15 bxes cheese, W H Moore; 25 do matches, J S Dilworth & co; 25 do do, J B Caufield; 10 do do, Graff & Holtzer; 40 do do, Shomaker & Lau; 5 bxs butter, Newcomer, Goe & co; 25 bxs cheese, Arbuckles & co; 13 rolls leather, J C Houston & Son; 14 bdls do, Wm Placens & Son; 20 bxes cheese, Watt & Wilson; 100 bbls flour, Graham & Thomas; 30 tcs hams, F Sellers & co; 5 do do, S Hamilton; 46 bales cotton, Kennedy & Childs & co.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI R. R. August 1.—36 bbls flour, Dan Wallace; 17 hhds sugar, W & D Rinehart; 3 rools lead pipe, W C Lee; 4 bbls eggs, 1 do butter, Jos W Rankin; 3 pkgs eggs, P Schildecker; 97 sks oats, William Bingham; 10 bdls paper, Pittsburgh Paper Co; 4 pkgs sundries, Shriver & Lazear; 32 bbls fire clay, H H Collins; 1 car staves, Guthrie & Shiltz; 200 bbls flour, Culp & Shepard; 200 do do, Jas Gamble; 100 do do, W H Kirkpatrick & co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, August 1—1 bbl oil Ewer & Hamilton; 133 sks ms millfeed, Kennedy & Lorentz; 10 bbls oil, S M Cummings; 1 car staves, W H Rannells; 1 do do, J Logan; 1 do do, Ralph Shriver & Son; 30 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark.

BEATING! BEATING!!—Leather and Gum Belting. Also, Gum Packing, Gaskets, Lace Leather, Rubber Hose, &c., for sale at the lowest prices, at the Rubber Depot, 69 Fifth street.

J. & H. PHILLIPS.

69 and 71 n. Clair street.

RIVER NEWS.

The river has undergone but little change since our last report, though navigation may virtually be considered at an end until there is more water. We had several showers of rain yesterday afternoon and heavy rains are reported at Oil City, and a rise in the Allegheny is looked for. A little swell would be very opportune just now, as there are a large number of boats (mostly towboats) laid up at different points between here and at Wheeling.

The Lent Leota came up from the Marine Railway on Tuesday evening, and is now laid up at the wharf. It is intended, we understand, to give her an overhauling, and make some necessary repairs.

The Forest City, due here from Parkersburg, on Tuesday night, had not made her appearance up to noon yesterday.

The R. C. Gray arrived at St. Louis on Monday last. The Ida Rees arrived at Cincinnati on Monday, and the Arabian left there the same day for Pittsburgh.

It is a little remarkable that not a single one of the towboats that left here with coal on the last rise, succeeded in getting back to the wharf again, although two or three come the next thing to it. The Venture, Lake Erie, Coal Valley, Arab and Fearless are laid up at Mckee's Rocks; Jim Rees, Wild Duck and Grey Hound at Shousetown; Storm at Beaver Shoals; Whale aground at Raccoon; Sam Rogers, Coal City, Lion, Lioness, and Tom Farrow at Wheeling.

The passenger steamer Importer is laid up at Manchester, near Hutchinson's Oil Refinery. The W. A Caldwell may succeed in getting through, but it is a little doubtful. She will have to put off the great bulk of her freight.

The Louisville *Courier* of Monday says:

Coal flats have all come in sale, with the exception of nine low barges that lodged just below Pittsburgh, mention of which has already been made in the *Courier*. The Avalon, with 26,000 bushels of coal, landed at the "Pumpkin Patch" early yesterday morning to get ready for the canal chute, and lower ports in the evening. Most of the tow boats have taken their barges through the canal, but a single one trying the falls, and the run below exceeds 80,000 bushels. We will give the exact particulars in a day or two. The Stella, Pigeon, and one of two others went through the canal Saturday, and the Hornet with her tow started in yesterday morning, but unluckily took a position against the abutment. No damage was done, and it was thought she would work off in a few hours.

The *Journal*, of same day, says:

The Albion, towboat, brought down five barges yesterday, containing about 30,000 bushels of coal. The Little Ales brought down nine barges with about 80,000 bushels of coal. The Dispatch says that there will be about 300,000 bushels of coal going below. The Hornet will take 150,000 bushels, and the Tigress 100,000.

The hull, boilers and machinery of the steamer Magnolia, recently destroyed by fire at St. Louis, were sold on Saturday at that point for $7,100.

STEAMBOATS.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA U. S. MAIL PACKET COMPY.

The following side-wheel packets will leave Pittsburgh, Monongahela city, Brownsville, Geneva and intermediate landings, as follows, during the season of navigation. This line is composed of the following steamers:

FAVORITE.....CAPT. M. A. CANFIELD-PARTHENIA.....CAPT. D. RUGHER.
FRANKLIN.....CAPT. A. W. CRAIG.
CAPT. JOHN CARLILE.

These packets will leave Pittsburgh daily at 9 a. m., and 5 p. m., except Sunday, when the departure is at 5 p. m. only.

The through packet for the old regions will leave Pittsburgh daily at 5 p. m. Brownsville daily at 5 a. m.

RETURNING—Leaves Brownsville for Pittsburgh daily at 7 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Leaves Greensboro and Geneva at 12 o'clock; Rice's Landing at 2 p. m.

The line is composed of first-class side-wheel steamers, built expressly for the trade. They are commanded by officers of long experience, who have given their whole attention to the accommodation of passengers. The boats will leave promptly at the hour advertised.

FREIGHT RECEIVED AT ALL HOURS.

For further particulars, enquire of

J. H. RHEES, Agent,

At the Wharf-Boat, foot of Grant st., Pittsburgh.

L. COLVIN, Agent,

Brownsville, Pa.

jy31:1m

PEOPLES' LINE OF STEAMERS,

(INCORPORATED.)

Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville and Geneva.

This Company will run a daily boat between the above points, composed of the fine and splendid side-wheel steamers CHIEF TAMMANY, R. L. ADAMS commander, (the director in bow being completed and will take her place in a few days.)

Leaves Allegheny wharf-boat for all points on MONDAYS, TUESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 5 P. M. precisely.

Leaves for Geneva WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 5 P. M.

Leaves for Geneva MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 5 P. M. Returning, leaves Geneva THURSDAYS, SATURDAYS and PITTSBURGH MONDAYS, at 8 A. M. and Brownsville at 12 M.

The Company have a first-class Wharf Boat at Monongahela City, and Pittsburgh freight received at all points. No charge for commission on through freight.

Time will not run boats on the Sabbath.

For further particulars enquire on board, or to JOHN SMITH, Agent, at the Wharf Boat, foot of Grant street.

jy31:1m

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

WE, THE SUBSCRIBERS, have this day entered into a Limited Partnership, agreeably to the provisions of the act of Assembly passed the 1st day of March, 1836.

The partnership to be conducted under the name of MILLER, BARR & PARKIN, in the City of Pittsburgh, and for the purpose of manufacturing and selling STEEL and its products.

The general partners are RICHARD H. MILLER and CHARLES PARKIN, of the City and County of Pittsburgh, and GEO. W. BARR, of the Borough of Lawrenceville.

The special partners are SAMUEL M. KIER and SAMUEL DUFF, of the borough of Lawrenceville.

Each of the special partners have contributed Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars in cash.

The said partnership to commence on the FIRST DAY OF JANUARY, 1866, and to terminate on the THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1868.

RICHARD H. MILLER, GEORGE W. BARR, CHARLES PARKIN, } General Partners.

SAMUEL M. KIER, SAMUEL DUFF } Special Partners.

jy18:d30

GROVER & BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES,

Have been awarded the FIRST PREMIUMS at the following Fairs for the year 1866:

First Premium for best Machine work at Pennsylvania State Fair.

First Premium for best Machine work at New York State Fair.

First Premium for best Family Machine at Ohio State Fair.

First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Ohio State Fair.

First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Michigan State Fair.

First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Wisconsin State Fair.

First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Lawrence County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Machine for general purposes at Lawrence County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Family Machine at Beaver County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Beaver County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Springfield Fair, Ohio.

First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Canada at 26,29 for No. 1.

First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Palmyra Fair, N. Y.

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First Premium for best Machine for Making Button Holes, for all purposes at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.

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And wherever exhibited.

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GENERAL AGENT.

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my21:d91yr

SHAW & CLARK'S IMPROVED SEWING MACHINES,

Adapted for every description of family sewing. Will stitch, hem, fell, bind, braid, gather and TUCK. One hundred different stitches can be made, and the best of reference given. Call and see them operate, at No. 114 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

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This House is the Cheapest place in the city to buy Stoves and Tin Ware. Work promptly executed. my28:d6m

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jy28

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BOOTS, BALMORALS AND GAITERS,

At Reasonable Rates,

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my22:d8

SEMPER PARATUS.

PRO BO NO PUBLICO.

Yet they say 'tis a heinous crime the way business is conducted. Some say it is murdering the trade. Others say it is against his own interests. We don't believe it. Let us see what the true state of affairs is. The truth is this: That there is a new establishment, neatly fitted up, at No. 82 Market street, Pittsburgh, of which W. G. MAHAFFEY presides, and in which "ole and shoes are sold at prices so low as to astonish the natives. Here the ladies can procure a few articles, while all other articles are sold correspondingly low: Ladies' Congress Lasting gaiters selling at $1.00; Ladies' Sewed Morocco Boots at $2.00; Men's Congress Lasting Gaiters at $2.50; Children's Slippers at 65; Children's Morocco Shoes at 50c. A large lot of Pumpkin Patch" newly yesterday morning to get ready for the canal chute, and lower ports in the evening. Most of the tow boats have taken their barges through the canal, but a single one trying the falls, and the run below exceeds 80,000 bushels. We will give the exact particulars in a day or two. The Stella, Pigeon, and one of two others went through the canal Saturday, and the Hornet with her tow started in yesterday morning, but unluckily took a position against the abutment. No damage was done, and it was thought she would work off in a few hours.

The *Journal*, of same day, says:

The Albion, towboat, brought down five barges yesterday, containing about 30,000 bushels of coal. The Little Ales brought down nine barges with about 80,000 bushels of coal. The Dispatch says that there will be about 300,000 bushels of coal going below. The Hornet will take 150,000 bushels, and the Tigress 100,000.

The hull, boilers and machinery of the steamer Magnolia, recently destroyed by fire at St. Louis, were sold on Saturday at that point for $7,100.

STEAMBOATS.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA U. S. MAIL PACKET COMPY.

The following side-wheel packets will leave Pittsburgh, Monongahela city, Brownsville, Geneva and intermediate landings, as follows, during the season of navigation. This line is composed of the following steamers:

FAVORITE.....CAPT. M. A. CANFIELD-PARTHENIA.....CAPT. D. RUGHER.
FRANKLIN.....CAPT. A. W. CRAIG.
CAPT. JOHN CARLILE.

These packets will leave Pittsburgh daily at 9 a. m., and 5 p. m., except Sunday, when the departure is at 5 p. m. only. Receipts of 22,602 bush. of wheat; very little and common description 2 to 4 lower, prices No. 1 Milwaukie in lots, at $2.05@2.08. Rye more heavy; sales of 4,000 bush at 82@83c for western. Barley and barley malt dull and nominal. Receipts of 39,000 bush. coarse lower and sales of 16,000 bush at 81@82c for unsound; 84@85 for sound shipping mixed western, closing at the outside rate. No sales of western yellow. Receipts of 105,000 bush. of oats; sales of 35,000 bush at the close for Chicago; 69@70c for Milwaukee, and 68@69c for Iowa. Coffee firm, but quiet. Sugar still dull, 12@12c. Petroleum firm, at 50@51c for crude, and 39@40c for refined in bond. Pork opened firm but closed heavy, at $33.62@33.81 for new lines, closed at $33.75 for regular; $30 for old; do. $27@27.75 for prime. Total stock of old and new of August 1st, 78,734 bbls; same date last month 58,209 bbls., and same date last year, 55,029 bbls. Beef steady, at 15@16c for new plain mess, and 24@25c for new extra mess. Total stock of old and new of August 1st, 12,750 packages; same time last month, 10,678 packages. Beef hams nominal. Cut meats firm; sales of 320 packages, at 11 @12c for shoulders, and 19@20c for hams. Bacon dull. Lard firmer, at 18½@20c. Butter quiet, at 20@35c, and 24@40c for state. Cheese dull, at 6@13c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The following are the jobbers' prices: Market rather more active. Brown Sheetings—Amoskeag, ¼, width 36 inch, 15; 36, 15; 40, 16; Augusta, 7/8, do 30, 15; Broadway, 3, 62½; Corset Jeans—Bates, 15; Lancaster, 21; Naumkeag, 21@26½; Pepperell, 25; Washington Satin, 36; Canbrics—Manville, 44; Portland, 11½; Victory, 14½; Washington, 15@16. Sheeting and Shirting, bleached—Androscoggin, 45; Bedford, 36, 32½; Amoskeag, 36, 32½; Anthony Manufacturing Company, 36, 27½; Bartletts, 36, 30; do 33, 24; do 30, 22½; Bates XX, 36, 35; do BB, 36, 29. Denims—Amoskeag, ¼, and one of two colors, 20; Manufacturing Company, 27½; Manchester, 32½; Massachusetts, 35.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Flour quiet. Wheat dull at $1.40@1.41 for No. 1, and 92c for No. 2. Corn quiet at 57c for No. 1, and 56@56c for No. 2 Oats quiet at 27½@28c for No. 1, and 25@25c for No. 2. High wines quiet. Mess Pork, $32.25. Freights dull; Corn, 9c to Buffalo. Receipts; 5,000 barrels Flour; 3,200 bushels Wheat; 23,000 bushels Corn; 19,000 bushels Oats. Shipments; 2,000 barrels Flour; 132,000 bushels Wheat; 132,000 bushels Corn; 40,000 bushels Oats.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, August 1.—Flour quiet; extra state, $9.50@9.75; western amber, $11.15@12.00; new white wheat St. Louis, $14.00. Wheat inactive, held No. 1 Milwaukee, by boat load, at $2.30; boat load, $1.90. Corn dull; sales 16,000 bus No. 1 at 68c. Oats lower; sales 15,000 bus. No. 1 Chicago, 35c; 7,500 bus. do at 37c; Wisconsin held at 42@43c. Barley and Rye dull. Lard 20@21c. Whiskey nominal at $2.28.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, August 1.—Flour steady. No. 1 spring at $9.30; red winter slightly lower, at $9.25; double extra at $13@14.